# 44<sup>th</sup> Annual Report 2021-2022



# Helps Catching Up With Good Health







# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS:** 

Mr. Satish Kumar Singh : Managing Director
Mrs. Premlata Singh : Non-Executive Director

Mr. Arunkumar D. Deshmukh : Non-Executive Independent Director Mrs. (Dr.) Anuja M. Sinha : Non-Executive Independent Director

**AUDIT COMMITTEE:** 

Mr. Arunkumar D. Deshmukh : Chairman Mrs. (Dr.) Anuja M. Sinha : Member Mr. Satish Kumar Singh : Member

**NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:** 

Mr. Arunkumar D. Deshmukh : Chairman Mrs. (Dr.) Anuja M. Sinha : Member Mrs. Premlata Singh : Member

<b>REGISTERED OFFICE:</b> Exibition Road, P.SGandhi Maidan, Patna-800001, Bihar.	HEAD OFFICE: 415, Shah Nahar, Dr. E. Moses Road, Worli, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400018.
BANKERS: Saraswat Co-Op Bank Ltd. Axis Bank Ltd. HDFC Bank Ltd. Bank of Baroda State Bank of India Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT: Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd., C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S.Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083. Tel. No.: 022 - 4918 6270, Fax No.: 022 - 4918 6060 Toll-free No.: 1800 1020 878.
STATUTORY AUDITORS: M/s. R. S. Sanghai& Associates, Chartered Accountants.	COST AUDITOR: Mr. Suresh D. Shenoy, Cost Accountant.
SECRETARIAL AUDITORS: M/s. DM & Associates Company Secretaries LLP, Practicing Company Secretaries	INTERNAL AUDITORS: M/s. Rajeev & Rajesh, Chartered Accountants. M/s. Kaushal Kumar & Co., Chartered Accountants.

# 44th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING:

Day, Date & Time : Thursday,  $25^{th}$  day of August, 2022 at 3.00 p.m.

Venue : Exhibition Road, P.S.-Gandhi Maidan, Patna-800001, Bihar.



#### **CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED**

CIN - U24230BR1978PTC001328 Regd. Off.: Exhibition Road, P. S. Gandhi Maidan, Patna – 800001, Bihar. Tel. Nos. – 0612-2322570/ 2322588.

#### NOTICE

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the 44<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the members of **CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED** will be held on **Thursday**, **the 25<sup>th</sup> day of August**, **2022 at 3.00 p.m.** at the Registered Office of the Company at Exhibition Road, Patna - 800 001to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 and the reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mrs. Premlata Singh (holding DIN:08464551), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

3. To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modifications the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:-

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and read with Rule 14(a) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, payment of Remuneration of Rs.2,20,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs Twenty Thousand only) plus out of pocket expenses and applicable taxes to Mr. Suresh D. Shenoy, Cost Accountants (Membership No. 8318) for conducting the cost audit of cost records made and maintained by the company pertaining to pharmaceuticals product for the year ending March 31, 2023 be and is hereby determined".

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** any one of the Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to file the relevant forms, documents and returns with the office of the Registrar of Companies as per the applicable Provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and to do all acts, deeds and things as may be deemed necessary to give effect to the above resolution."

By Order of the Board,
For CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PVT. LTD.

Sd/-

Satish Kumar Singh Managing Director DIN:00245703

Place: Mumbai Dated: 05/05/2022

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#### NOTES: -

- 1. An Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting is annexed hereto.
- 2. Members are requested to notify immediately, change in their address, if any, to the Company quoting their Folio Numbers.
- 3. Members are requested to send their queries, if any, on the financial accounts at least 7 days in advance so that the information can be made available at the meeting.
- 4. All documents referred to in the Notice will be available for inspection in electronic mode.
- 5. All documents referred to in the Notice will be available for inspection at the Company's registered office between 11:00 am and 1:00 pm upto 23<sup>rd</sup> August, 2022 on all days (except Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays).

#### NOTES FOR VIDEO CONFERENCING (VC) / OTHER AUDIO VISUAL MEANS (OAVM) :-

- 1. In view of the continuing Covid-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its circular dated April 8, 2020 read with circulars dated April 13, 2020, June 15, 2020, January 13, 2021 and May 05, 2022 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through VC/ OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC/ OAVM.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC/ OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
- 3. Since the proceedings of this AGM are being conducted through VC/ OAVM, the Registered Office of the Company situated at Exhibition Road, P. S. Gandhi Maidan, Patna 800001, Bihar is deemed to be the venue of the AGM.
- 4. Corporate members intending to send their authorised representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution/ Power of Attorney/Letter of Authority authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
- 5. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Ac.t, 2013, relevant documents referred to in the notice and the statements will be available for inspection by the members at the registered office of the company on all working days, during business hours up to and on the date of the meeting.
- 6. Shareholders who have not registered their mail address and in consequence the Annual Report, Notice of AGM and e-voting notice could not be serviced. Members seeking any information with regard or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write to the Company on or before August 23, 2022 through email on "legal@cachetindia.com". The same will be replied by the Company suitably.
- 7. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars, Notice of the AGM is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company. Members may note that the Notice and will also be available on the Company's website http://www.cachetinda.com.



- Members attending the AGM through VC/ OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 9. Since, the AGM will be held through VC/ OAVM, the Route Map and Attendance Slip is not annexed in this Notice.
- 10. Members in case of any query may send an email to legal@cachetindia.com. Further, in case of voting is conducted by way of poll, Members shall be requested to send their vote on this Email ID.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR JOINING THE MEETING

Invitation link to join the meeting shall be shared by the Company.

Detailed instructions for the Members to join the meeting are given below:

#### **OPTION 1:**

Joining from Laptop or Computer (having access to webcam)

Step 1: Before joining a 'Microsoft Teams' meeting on a laptop or computer, you can download the 'Microsoft Teams' from the following link:

# https://www.microsoft.com/en-in/microsoft-teams

- Step 2: Click on the link provided in email to join the meeting.
- Step 3: Enter the Email ID. Click Join and make sure access is given to the microphone (to speak) and camera (to see).
- Step 4: Tap Join Meeting.

#### **OPTION 2:**

Joining from Mobile Phone

- Step 1: Downloading the 'Teams' Mobile App from the Application Store (e.g. Google Play Store, iOS App Store, as applicable.
- Step 2: Access link from the Mobile and Click on the link provided in email to join the meeting.
- Step 3: Enter the Email ID. Click Join and make sure allow / access is given to the microphone (to speak) and camera (to see).
- Step 4: Tap Join Meeting

Further, Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet audio settings as and when asked while setting up the meeting on Mobile App or Desktop Application, as the case may be.

Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

#### OTHER INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE EOGM THROUGH VC / OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall open 15 minutes before the time scheduled for the AGM and will be available for all the Members.

Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may raise their hands during the meeting or may also use chat facility.



Members will be able to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM and vote on the resolutions by using their registered mail ID.

Members are requested to use only registered Email ID for Voting during the time allotted for same. Votes casted by any other unregistered Email ID shall be considered as Invalid.

Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

In case of multiple votes on the same resolution, the first one shall be counted for the purpose of counting Votes.

Please note that no person other than the respective Member shall have access to place from where the Member is participating during the meeting.

In case of any queries relating to joining the Meeting through Electronic mode or any technical assistance to access and participate in the meeting through VC is required, or mail us their queries on "legal@cachetindia.com".

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF THE SPECIAL BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

#### Item No. 3:

The Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 reappointed Mr. Suresh D. Shenoy, Cost Accountant (Membership No. 8318) as the cost auditor of the company for the Financial Year 2022-2023. As per Rule 14 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, the appointment of and the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor requires approval of Shareholders and hence this resolution is put for the consideration of the shareholders.

None of the Directors of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested, whether financially or otherwise, in the Resolution.

Your Directors recommend the passing of the resolution listed at item no.3

By Order of the Board,
For CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PVT. LTD.

Sd/-

Satish Kumar Singh Managing Director DIN:00245703

Place: Mumbai Dated: 05/05/2022

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#### **DIRECTOR'S REPORT**

Dear Shareholders,

The Board of Directors have pleasure in presenting their report on the business operations and the accounts of the company for the year ended 31st March, 2022.

#### STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS:

The Company is mainly engaged in the Manufacturing and Marketing of finished Pharmaceutical Formulations & Nutraceuticals in India and Overseas. Led by our visionary Directors, and backed by, our team of talented and dedicated professionals, notable plant accreditations, fine quality products with excellent packaging, our commitment to excellence, Cachet is well poised to rapidly scale newer heights of success. The next few years would see Cachet further consolidating its position in, India, and, in the present overseas markets', as, also, expanding its operations to newer countries. The company tried its best to fulfil market demand of essential medicines and nutritional products even in COVID-19 outbreak also. This is, in keeping with its mission of 'increasing access of quality medicines, at affordable prices to people worldwide, to reduce the burden of disease and improve the quality of life'.

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY AND HIGHLIGHTS:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Financial Year 2021- 2022	Financial Year 2020- 2021
Revenue from Operations (Gross)	43,080.72	32,184.63
Add: Other Income	312.64	205.84
Total Income	43,393.36	32,390.47
Operating Results:		
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	1,843.26	1,277.09
Less : Income Tax	787.37	264.20
Less : Deferred Tax	(20.11)	103.72
Less: MAT credit entitlement	NIL	(71.53)
Less: Prior Period Adjustments	(25.06)	NIL
Profit After Tax	1,101.06	980.70
Equity		
Add: Balance B/F from the previous year	5,099.51	4,166.16
Add.: Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(44.84)	(47.36)
Balance Profit/(Loss) C/F to the next year	6,155.73	5,099.51

During the year under review, the Company's gross revenue from operation increased by 33.85% to Rs.43,080.72 Lakhs as compared to the previous year's gross revenue from operations of Rs.32,184.63 Lakhs. Profit After tax increased by 12.27% to Rs.1,101.06 Lakhs compared to previous year's Profit After Tax of Rs.980.70 Lakhs.

Your Directors are hopeful for the bright future of the Company in the years to come.

#### AMOUNTS TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES:

The Company doesn't propose to transfer any amount to be transferred to General Reserves.



#### **DIVIDEND:**

The directors do not propose to declare any dividend for the year under review.

#### **SEGMENT-WISE PERFORMANCE:**

The Company is into single reportable segment only.

# **INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Ind AS):**

The company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the notification dated February 16, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Ind AS has replaced the existing GAAP prescribed under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The Company has prepared financials using Ind AS for the year ended March 31, 2022.

#### CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY:

During the year under review, the company has no changes in its business activities and operations.

#### **CHANGES IN SHARES CAPITAL:**

No Changes in Share Capital of the company took place during the year under review.

#### **CREDIT RATING OF SECURITIES**

The Company is a private limited company hence there was no requirement of obtaining credit rating for its securities

# INVESTORS EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF):

There were no amounts which were required to be transfer to the Investors Education and Protection Fund.

#### MANAGEMENT AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Board of Directors have met five (5) times during the year, from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2021 to 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022. The Board meetings were held on the following dates:

20th May, 2021, 30th July, 2021, 21st September, 2021, 2nd November, 2021 and 1st February, 2022.

Pursuant to Para VII (1) of Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013, Independent Directors (IDs) are required to hold at least one meeting without the attendance of Non-independent directors and members of the management. The separate meeting of IDs were held on 1st February, 2022 for the financial year 2021-22 and they were evaluated the performance of the board of directors and committee thereof.

Following are the details of attendance during the year:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Designation	No. of Meetings Held	Nos. of Meetings attended	Attendance at AGM
1.	Mr. Satish Kumar Singh	Managing Director	5	5	Yes
2.	Mrs. Premlata Singh	Director	5	3	No
3.	Mr. Arunkumar D. Deshmukh	Independent Director	5	5	No
4.	Mrs. (Dr.)Anuja M. Sinha	Independent Director	5	5	No



Mrs. Premlata Singh who is longest in the office since her last appointment shall be liable to retire by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment. Accordingly a resolution proposing her candidature for reappointment forms part of the notice of 44<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting.

#### **Audit Committee:**

The Audit Committee of the company comprised of:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Designation	Nos. of Audit Committee Meetings attended
1.	Mr. Arunkumar D. Deshmukh	Chairman	5
2.	Mrs.(Dr.)Anuja M. Sinha	Member	5
3.	Mr. Satish Kumar Singh	Member	5

During the year under review Five (5) meetings of the Audit committee were held on 20<sup>th</sup> May, 2021, 30<sup>th</sup> July, 2021, 21<sup>st</sup> September, 2021, 2<sup>nd</sup> November, 2021 and 1<sup>st</sup> February, 2022.

# Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC):

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprised of:

Sr.No.	Name of Director	Designation	Nos. of NRC Meetings
			attended.
1.	Mr. Arunkumar D. Deshmukh	Chairman	1
2.	Mrs.(Dr.)Anuja M. Sinha	Member	1
3.	Mr. Premlata Singh	Member	1

During the year under review One (1) meeting by the Nomination and Remuneration committee was held on 20<sup>th</sup> May, 2021 to review and recommend appointment of Mrs. Anuja M. Sinha, Independent Director for another term of five years.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the company placed on the company's portal i.e. <a href="www.cachetindia.com">www.cachetindia.com</a> and silent features thereof is attached as **Annexure-3** to the Board Report. The said policy of the Company on directors' appointment and remuneration, including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director, and other matters provided under sub-section (3) of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, adopted by the Board. Further the remuneration paid to the Directors is as per the terms laid out in the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.

# **Formal Annual Board Evaluation:**

In compliance with the Companies Act, 2013, during the year, the Board adopted a formal mechanism for evaluating its performance as well as that of its Committees and Individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board. Structured questionnaires were used in the overall Board evaluation comprising various aspects of Board functions. The evaluation of Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board and that of the Chairman and Non–Independent Directors were carried out by the Independent Directors. The Directors were satisfied with the evaluation results, which reflected the overall engagement of the Board and its Committees with the Company.



#### **Declaration by Independent Directors:**

The Company has received necessary declaration from each independent director under section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, that he / she meets the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Internal financial controls and their adequacy:

The Board has adopted policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of fraud and error, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial disclosures. The Company has an adequate internal controls system commensurate with its size and the nature of its business. All the transactions entered into by the Company are duly authorized and recorded correctly. All operating parameters are monitored and controlled. The top management and the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors review the adequacy and effectiveness of internal control systems from time to time.

#### DISCLOSURES RELATING TO HOLDING COMPANY, SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES:

Pursuant to Section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013, the company is subsidiary company of M/s. Alkem Laboratories Limited by holding 60.63% of total shares capital of the company and which listed on Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange.

The Company doesn't have any subsidiary company.

By virtue of being subsidiary M/s. Alkem Laboratories Limited; the following are the fellow subsidiaries of the company which are subsidiaries of Holding company:

Name	Country
Domestic	
Indchemie Health Specialities Pvt. Ltd.	India
Enzene Biosciences Ltd.	India
Alkem Foundation	India
Connect 2 Clinic Private Limited	India
International	
Ascend Laboratories (Pty) Limited	South Africa
(previously known as Alkem Laboratories (Pty) Ltd)	
Ascend GmbH	Germany
Alkem Laboratories Corporation	Philippines
Pharmacor Pty Limited	Australia
S & B Holdings B.V.	Netherlands
The Pharma Network, LLC (Wholly owned subsidiary of S&B Holdings	United States of America
B.V)	11 '1 1C1 1 CA '
Ascend Laboratories, LLC (Wholly owned by The Pharmanetwork, LLC)	United States of America
S&B Pharma LLC (Wholly owned by The Pharmanetwork, LLC)	United States of America
Ascend Laboratories SDN BHD.	Malaysia
Ascend Laboratories SpA	Chile



Pharma Network SpA (Wholly owned by Ascend Laboratories SpA)	Chile
Ascend Laboratories S.A de C.V. (Wholly owned by Ascend Laboratories SpA)  Mexico	
Pharmacor Ltd.	Kenya
The PharmaNetwork, LLP	Kazakhstan
Ascend Laboratories (UK) Ltd.	United Kingdom
Ascend Laboratories Ltd.	Canada
Ascend Laboratories SAS	Colombia
Alkem Laboratories Korea Inc.	Korea

#### PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

Particulars and details of loans given, investments made or guarantees given and securities provided, if any, are given in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

# PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES REFERRED TO IN SECTION 188(1):

As per requirement of the Companies Act, 2013, all related party transactions were as per omnibus approval of the Audit Committee and Board.

Following material related party transactions i.e. transaction exceeding 10% of the annual turnover as per the audited financial statement, were entered during the year by the company, however the same were at arm's length and in ordinary course of business were:

Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Duration of Contract	Salient terms	Amt. (Rs. In Lakhs)
Sale of Finished Goods:				
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer	14,622.61
			Pricing Guidelines	
			Total	14,622.61

Disclosures of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of the Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto are enclosed with this report in Form AOC-2 as **Annexure-2**.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

Your Company met the threshold criteria of profit as mentioned under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') as on March 31, 2021. Accordingly, the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable from F.Y. 2021-22. Further, as per criteria of spending on Corporate Social Responsibility ('CSR') u/s 135 read with section 198 of the Act, the amount spend applicable to company is below rupees fifty lakhs and pursuant to section 135(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 where the amount to be spent by a company under sub-section (5) does not exceed fifty lakh rupees, the requirement to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee shall not be applicable. Hence the Board of Directors of the Company shall discharge the functions of the CSR Committee and formulated CSR Policy in accordance with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 in the F.Y. 2021-22 and same disclosed on the company's portal i.e. www.cachetindia.com.

Enclosed herewith as Annexure 7 the Annual Report for the F.Y. 31st March, 2022 on Corporate Social Responsibility Pursuant to Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.



#### CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The information relating to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 is given in the **Annexure-6** forming part of this report.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT:**

At Cachet, risk management activities are part of the operational responsibilities of the management and has made them a significant part of overall governance. The Company implemented risk management policy for a broad and strategic approach to risk management, taking into consideration both internal and external risks to respond promptly to changing dynamics.

#### **VIGIL MECHANISAM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:**

For the year under review, the Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower policy shall not be applicable to the company.

#### MATERIAL ORDERS OF JUDICIAL BODIES / REGULATORS:

During the year under review, there were no significant and material orders passed by any regulator, court, tribunal, statutory and quasi-judicial body, impacting the going concern status of the company.

#### STATUTORY AUDITOR AND AUDITORS' REPORT:

Company's Statutory Auditors M/s. R. S. Sanghai & Associates, Chartered Accountants, audited financials of the Company for the financial year 2021-2022. The Auditors' Report for said financial year does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark and is enclosed with the 44<sup>th</sup> Annual Report of the company. Further there were no instances of fraud reported by the Auditor.

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors had appointed M/s. DM & Associates Company Secretaries LLP, Company Secretaries (Regd. No.L2017MH003500) to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2021-2022. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed to this Report as **Annexure 1**. The said Report does not contain any adverse any qualification, reservations or remark.

#### **COST AUDIT AND COST RECORDS:**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, the company is required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government and hence as per the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 20<sup>th</sup> May, 2021, had appointed Mr. Suresh D. Shenoy, Cost Accountant (Membership No. 8318), as the Cost Auditor of the Company for the financial year 2021- 2022 to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company. The Company had also received certificate from the Cost Auditor certifying his independence and arm's length relationship with the Company. The Board of Directors propose to appoint the Cost Auditor for the financial year 2022-2023. A resolution for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor for FY 2022-2023 is proposed in the forthcoming AGM for seeking approval of Members. The Cost Audit Report will be filed within the period stipulated under the Act.



#### **INTERNAL AUDITORS & THEIR REPORT:**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, the Company had appointed M/s. Kaushal Kumar & Co., Chartered Accountants and M/s Rajeev & Rajesh, Chartered Accountants as Internal Auditors for the financial year 2021-2022.

The internal auditors appointed by the Board who are acting independently and report given by them is placed before the board from time to time in order to take remedial measures on the adverse comments by them. The Board of Directors proposed their appointment for the financial year 2022-2023.

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:**

The company has complied with applicable Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretary of India and other Secretarial standards voluntarily adopted by the company.

#### **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:**

The extract of the Annual Return in Form MGT-9 is enclosed with this report as **Annexure-4** and Annual returns of the Company are disclosed at the company's web portal i.e. www.cachetindia.com.

# STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Pursuant to Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Independent Auditors' of the company have audited company's internal financial controls over financial reporting for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 and report thereon is enclosed to the Independent Auditors report as "Annexure B".

#### **DEPOSITS:**

The company has not accepted any deposits from the public falling within the purview of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 and accordingly no amount was outstanding as on the balance sheet date.

#### **DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:**

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(C) & (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, Directors confirm that:

- (i) In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed with no material departures;
- (ii) That the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- (iii) That the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) That the directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.



(v) That the directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that these are adequate and are operating effectively.

#### PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 as amended, necessary details are appended as **Annexure-5** to this report.

DISCLOSURES UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The company has formed the committee to prevent Sexual harassment under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 and Formulated Policy on prevention of sexual harassment and safety of women employees at workplace. There was no incidence of sexual harassment that took place during the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES:**

The Company treats its "Human Resources" as one of its most important assets. We focus on all aspects of the employee lifecycle. This provides holistic experience for the employees as well. During their tenure at the Company, employees are motivated through various skill development programs. We create effective dialogue through our communication channels to ensure that feedback reaches the relevant team, including leadership.

The Company continuously invests in attraction, retention and development of talent on an on-going basis. A number of programs that provide focused people attention are currently underway. The Company thrust is on the promotion of talent internally through job rotation and job enlargement.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:**

The Board of Directors place on record their earnest appreciation for the unstinted commitment, dedication, hard work and significant contribution made by employees of the company. The Board of directors also sincerely thank all stakeholders, medical professionals, banks and trade associates for their continued assistance, co-operation and support.

By Order of the Board,
For CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PVT. LTD.

Sd/- Sd/-

Satish Kumar Singh Arunkumar D. Deshmukh Managing Director Director

DIN NO.:00245703 DIN NO.:07210367

Place: Mumbai Dated: 05/05/2022

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



Annexure-1: Secretarial Audit Report

# DM & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES LLP (LLPIN NO. AAI-4743)

[Firm Registration No: L2017MH003500] [Peer Review Certificate: 758/2020]

REGD. OFFICE: # 205, NADIADWALA MARKET, PODDAR ROAD, MALAD (EAST), MUMBAI-400097

Tel No. 022-28443641 Email: dmassociates||p@gmail.com

# Form No. MR-3 Secretarial Audit Report

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

For the Financial Year Ended March 31, 2022

To,
The Members,
CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED
Exhibition Road., P.S.-Gandhi Maidan
Patna Br 800001

Dear Members,

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Cachet Pharmaceuticals Private Limited** (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended March 31, 2022, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- 1. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- 2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder: NA;
- 3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and bye-laws framed thereunder;
- 4. The provisions of Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial borrowings: **NA**;
- 5. Provisions of Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') were not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period.

We have relied on the representations made by the Company and its Officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company for compliances under other applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations to the Company.

We further state that, having regard to the Compliance system prevailing in the Company and based on the representations made by the Company, the Company has complied with the following laws Applicable specifically to the Company:

- i. Food Safety And Standards Act, 2006
- ii. Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisement) Act, 1954
- iii. Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940
- iv. Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985
- v. The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and Rules issued by state control Board
- vi. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and Rules issued by state control Board
- vii. The Patents Act, 1970
- viii. The Trade Marks Act, 1999
- ix. Indian Boilers Act, 1923
- x. Poisons Act, 1919



We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

**We further report that** the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non - Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while there were no dissenting members' views which are to be captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For DM & Associates Company Secretaries LLP Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Tribhuwneshwar Kaushik Partner FCS NO.10607 C P N0.16207 UDIN:F010607D000144433

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April, 2022

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date that is annexed as Annexure - I and forms an integral part of this report.



# DM & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES LLP (LLPIN NO. AAI-4743)

[Firm Registration No: L2017MH003500] [Peer Review Certificate: 758/2020]

REGD. OFFICE: # 205, NADIADWALA MARKET, PODDAR ROAD, MALAD (EAST), MUMBAI-400097

Tel No. 022-28443641 Email: <a href="mailto:dmassociates|lp@gmail.com">dmassociates|lp@gmail.com</a>

#### ANNEXURE- I

To The Members, CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED Exhibition Road., P.S.-Gandhi Maidan Patna Br 800001

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For DM & Associates Company Secretaries LLP Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Tribhuwneshwar Kaushik Partner FCS NO.10607 C P N0.16207 UDIN:F010607D000144433

Place: Mumbai Date: 18<sup>th</sup> April, 2022



#### Annexure-2

# Form No. AOC-2

# Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

# Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's lengthbasis:

(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship:	NIL
(b)	Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions:	NIL
(c)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions:	NIL
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	NIL
(e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions:	NIL
(f)	Date(s) of approval by the Board:	NIL
(g)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	NIL
(h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under Sec. 188:	NIL

# 1. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's lengthbasis:

Name of the Related party	Nature of relationship	Duration of Contract	Salient terms	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)
Nature of Contract:				
Interest expense on loans ta	ken from Director:			
Mr. Satish Kumar Singh	Key Managerial Personnel	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	44.43
			Total	44.43
Repayment of Loan				
Mr. Satish Kumar Singh	Key Managerial Personnel	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	53.50
			Total	53.50
Sale of Finished Goods:				
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer Pricing Guidelines	14622.61
			Total	14622.61
Purchase of Finished Goods:				
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer Pricing Guidelines	88.95
Indchemie Health Specialities Pvt. Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer Pricing Guidelines	397.24
Galpha Laboratories Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer Pricing Guidelines	859.14
			Total	1345.33



Manufacturing Charges red	ceived:			
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer Pricing Guidelines	1041.97
			Total	1041.97
Rent Paid:		•		
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer Pricing Guidelines	34.71
			Total	34.71
Reimbursement of Expens	es:			
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer Pricing Guidelines	0.99
			Total	0.99
Royalty Income:			,	
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer Pricing Guidelines	8.91
			Total	8.91
Recovery of Expenses:	1		1	
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	Related Party	Ongoing Agreement	Based on Transfer Pricing Guidelines	27.93
			Total	27.93

Appropriate approvals have been taken for related party transactions. Advances have been adjusted against billing, wherever applicable.



#### Annexure-3

#### SALIENT FEATURES OF NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

This Nomination and Remuneration Policy is being formulated by **M/s**. Cachet Pharmaceuticals Private Limited ('the Company') in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time. This policy on nomination and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management has been formulated by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC or the Committee) and has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### **SALIENT FEATURES:**

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy:

- Formulates criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.
- Formulate criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board.
- Identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management in accordance with the criteria laid down in this policy.
- Carry out evaluation of Director's performance.
- · Recommend to the Board the appointment and removal of Directors and Senior Management.
- Recommend to the Board policy relating to remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.
- Devise a policy on Board diversity, composition, size.
- Succession planning for replacing Key Executives and overseeing.
- Carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification, as may be applicable.
- Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate for the performance of its duties.

\*\*\*\*\*\*



Annexure-4

# FORM NO. MGT 9

# EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN As on financial year ended on 31.03.2022

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014.

# I. REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

1	CIN	U24230BR1978PTC001328
2	Registration Date	25.04.1978
3	Name of the Company	Cachet Pharmaceuticals Private Limited
4	Category/Sub-category of the Company	Company Limited by Shares
		Indian Non-Government Company
5	Address of the Registered office & contact	Exhibition Road, P.S. Gandhi Maidan, Patna - 800 001,
	Details	Ph 0612-2322570, 2322588
6	Whether listed company	No
7	Name, Address & contact details of the Registrar	Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd,
	& Transfer Agent, if any.	C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S.Marg, Vikhroli (West),
		Mumbai - 400083.
		Tel. No.: 022 - 4918 6270
		Fax No.: 022 - 4918 6060
		Toll-free No.: 1800 1020 878.

# **II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY:**

(All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated)							
SR. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/service	% to total turnover of the company				

# III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

SR. NO.	Name and address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1.	M/s Alkem Laboratories Limited, Alkem House, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai- 400013.	U00305MH1973P LC174201	Holding	60.63%	2(46)



# IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN:

(Equity share capita	al breakup	as percentaç	ge of total e	equity)					
(i) Category-wise SI	hare Holdi	ng							
Category of Shareholders	No. of	Shares held the [As on 31-N	year		No. of Shares held at the end of the year [As on 31-March-2022]				% Chang e during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	year
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF	-	7,350	7,350	41.21%	1687	5,334	7,021	39.37%	0.00%
b) Central Govt.	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
c) State Govt.(s)	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
d) Bodies Corp.	-	10,484	10,484	58.79%	10,813	-	10,813	60.63%	0.00%
e) Banks / FI	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
f) Any other	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Sub Total (A) (1)	-	17,834	17,834	100%	12,500	5,334	17,834	100%	0.00%
(2) Foreign									
a) NRI Individuals	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
b) Other Individuals	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
c) Bodies Corp.	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
d) Any other	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Sub Total (A) (2)	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
TOTAL (A)	-	17,834	17,834	100%	12,500	5,334	17,834	100%	0.00%
B. Public Shareholding 1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds				0.0001				0.000/	0.000/
b) Banks / FI	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
c) Central Govt.	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
d) State Govt.(s)	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
e) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%



f) Insurance Companies	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
g) FIIs	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
i) Others (specify)	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Sub-total (B)(1):-	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
2. Non- Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
ii) Overseas	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
b) Individuals	-	-			-	-			
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital uptoRs. 1 lakh	1	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
c) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non Resident Indians	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Overseas Corporate Bodies	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Foreign Nationals	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Clearing Members	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Trusts	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Foreign Bodies – D R	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Sub-total (B)(2):-	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Total Public (B)	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Grand Total (A+B+C)	-	17,834	17,834	100%	12,500	5,334	17,834	100%	0.00%



# (ii) Shareholding of Promoter:

Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name		olding at the b r [as on 31 <sup>st</sup> M	•	Shareholding at the end of the year [as on 31st March, 2022]			% change in sharehol
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbe red to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbe red to total shares	ding during the year
1.	M/s Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	10,484	58.79%		10,813	60.63%		0.00%
2.	Ms. Prerana Kumar	758	4.25%		758	4.25%		0.00%
3.	Mr. Basudeo Narain Singh	731	4.10%		731	4.10%		0.00%
4.	Ms. Anita Singh	585	3.28%		585	3.28%		0.00%
5.	Mr. Samprada Singh	545	3.06%		NIL	0%		0.00%
6.	Mr. Dhananjay Kumar Singh	525	2.94%		525	2.94%		0.00%
7.	Mr. Mritunjay Kumar Singh	525	2.94%		525	2.94%		0.00%
8.	Mr. Satish Kumar Singh	467	2.62%		797	4.47%		0.00%
9.	Samprada Singh (HUF)	443	2.48%		NIL	0%		0.00%
10.	Ms. Manju Singh	428	2.40%		428	2.40%		0.00%
11.	Ms. Madhurima Singh	365	2.05%		365	2.05%		0.00%
12.	Ms. Seema Singh	365	2.05%		365	2.05%		0.00%
13.	Mr. Sarvesh Singh	340	1.91%		340	1.91%		0.00%
14.	Mr. Sandeep Singh	340	1.91%		340	1.91%		0.00%
15.	Ms. Jayanti Sinha	233	1.31%		233	1.31%		0.00%
16.	Mr. Rajesh Kumar	225	1.26%		225	1.26%		0.00%
17.	Mr. Balmiki Prasad Singh	175	0.98%		504	2.83%		0.00%
18.	Ms. Archana Singh	150	0.84%		150	0.84%		0.00%
19.	Mr. Rajeev Ranjan	150	0.84%		150	0.84%		0.00%
	Total	17,834	100%	-	17,834	100%		0.00%



(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change):

Sr. No.	Name of the Shareholder	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Shareholding at the end of the year		Change	Date	Reason	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares				
1	Mr. Samprada Singh	545	3.06%	NIL	NIL	-545	20-05-2021	Transmission	
2	Mr. Samprada Singh HUF	443	2.48%	NIL	NIL	-443	20-05-2021	Transmission	
3	Mr. Satish Kumar Singh	467	2.62%	797	4.47%	330	20-05-2021	Transmission	
4	Mr. Balmiki Prasad Singh	175	0.98%	504	2.83%	329	20-05-2021	Transmission	
5	Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	10484	58.79%	10813	60.63%	329	03-10-2021	Transfer	

# (iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders:

(Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

S.N.	For each of the Top 10 shareholders	Date	Reason	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
				No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares
1	Name						
	At the beginning of the year						
	Changes during the year			(			
	At the end of the year			12	2		
2	Name			March			
	At the beginning of the year		-				
	Changes during the year						
	At the end of the year						

# (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sr. No.	Shareholding of each Directors and each Key Managerial Personnel	Date	Reason		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		lative ing during year
				No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares
1.	Mr. Satish Kumar Singh						
	At the beginning of the year			467	2.62%	467	2.62%
	Changes during the year				0.00%	330	1.85%
	At the end of the year			467	2.62%	797	4.47%



# V. INDEBTEDNESS:

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of	the financial year:			
i) Principal Amount	37.57	945.85	-	983.42
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	37.57	945.85	-	983.42
Change in Indebtedness during th	ne financial year:			
Addition	-	43.11	-	43.11
Reduction	(23.16)	(53.50)	-	76.66
Changes in CC limit	-	-	-	-
Net Change	(23.16)	(10.39)	-	33.55
Indebtedness at the end of the fi	nancial year:	,		
i) Principal Amount	14.42	935.45	-	949.87
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	14.42	935.45	-	949.87

# VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

 $\hbox{A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:} \\$ 

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager	Total Amount
	Name & Designation	Mr. Satish Kumar Singh, Managing Director	-
1	Gross salary	Director -	
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	NIL	NIL
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Incometax Act, 1961	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Incometax Act, 1961	-	-
2	Stock Option	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-
4	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	-	-
5	Others, please specify	-	-
	Total (A)	NIL	NIL
	Ceiling as per the Act	NIL	NIL



# B. Remuneration to other Directors: (Rs. In Lakhs)

S.N.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of	Directors	_
1	Independent Directors	Mr. Arunkumar Deshmukh	Mrs. (Dr.) Anuja M. Sinha	Total Amount
	Fee for attending board committee	0.80	0.55	1.35
	Commission	-		-
	Others, please specify	-	-	-
	Total (1)	0.80	0.55	1.35
2	Other Non-Executive Directors	-	-	-
	Fee for attending board committee	-	-	=
	Commission	-	-	-
	Others, please specify	-	-	-
	Total (2)	-	-	-
	Total (B)=(1+2)	0.80	0.55	1.35
	Total Managerial Remuneration	-	-	1.35
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act*	-	-	84.00

# C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Key Managerial Personnel		Total	Amount
	Name				(Rs./Lac)
	Designation	CEO	CFO	CS	
1	Gross salary				
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section				
	17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act,	-	-		
	1961	1		-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961		0/ 00		
2	Stock Option	-	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-
	Commission	-	-	-	
4	- as % of profit	-	-	-	-
	- others, specify	-	-	-	-
5	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-



# VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)		
A. COMPANY							
Penalty			None				
Punishment							
Compounding							
B. DIRECTORS							
Penalty			None				
Punishment							
Compounding							
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT							
Penalty			None				
Punishment							
Compounding							



#### Annexure-5

DETAILS OF REMUNERATION OF EMPLOYEES PURSUANT TO SECTION 134 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(2) OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014 FORMING PART OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022.

A. Employed throughout the year and were in receipt of remuneration for the year which in aggregate was not less than Rs.1.02 Cr. per annum.

Sr. No.	Name of the Employee	Designation	Remuneration Received (Amt. in Rs.)	Nature of employ ment	Age (Yrs)	% of Equity shares held	Whether relative of any director or Manager
1.	RAJEEV RANJAN	PRESIDENT	1,91,73,000/-	Full time	56	0.84%	No
2.	RAJESH KUMAR	CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER	1,91,73,000/-	Full time	53	1.26%	No
3.	INDRANIL CHAKRAVARTTY	CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER	99,97,992/-	Full time	59	NIL	No
4.	SANJAY KUMAR	PRESIDENT – FACTORY OPERATIONS	80,83,428/-	Full time	52	NIL	No
5.	SHASHI SHEKHAR KUMAR	PRESIDENT - INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS	79,94,172/-	Full time	51	NIL	No
6.	JAYANTA ADHIKARY	GENERAL MANAGER - SALES & MARKETING	51,63,000/-	Full time	57	NIL	No
7.	JITENDRA KUMAR JHA	VICE PRESIDENT – FINANCE, LOGISTICS & SYS.	50,12,652/-	Full time	41	NIL	No
8.	ROSHAN PAUL	SR. GM - SALES	42,45,576/-	Full time	60	NIL	No
9.	SANTOSH KUMAR SINGH	GM - MARKETING	39,13,236/-	Full time	44	NIL	No
10.	ASHOK KUMAR	AVP-PRODUCTION	31,43,628/-	Full time	58	NIL	No

B. Employed for a part of the year and were in receipt of remuneration which, in the aggregate, was not less than Rs.8.50 Lakhs per month: N.A.



#### Annexure-6

# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

#### A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:

#### a) Energy Conservation Measures taken:

Energy conservation continues to receive top priority in the Company, Energy consumption is monitored, maintenance systems are improved and distribution losses are reduced.

- Specific Energy Conservation measures are already taken to include installation of energy efficient system in the existing equipment, configuration and also capacitors are put on all heavy machines to control the power factor.
- ii) Installed Capacitor bank for maintaining the factor.
- iii) Installed automatic Tap changing transformer to avoid power fluctuation.
- iv) Installed Automatic water system with controlling.
  - b) Additional proposals or activities, if any:
- i) In process to install new air compressor with VFD for energy saving Purpose.
- ii) In process of new 22 AHU with VFD for energy saving Purpose and planning for chiller with VFD.
  - c) Impact of measures taken:

Energy conservation measures of the type mentioned above have resulted in gradual savings in energy.

#### Water:-

Necessary measures have been taken to save water wastage i.e.

- i) Reverse osmosis (R.O.) water system rejection (30%) is used in toilets to save water wastage. It is about 3 kilo litre per day.
- ii) Installed sensors in water tanks to control the water wastage.

Additional measures taken:

iii) Made two rain harvesting pits to save rainwater.

#### B. RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION: RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT (R & D):

#### 1. Specific areas in which R&D is carried out by the Company:

Development of formulations as immediate release, delayed release, enteric release, sustained release, dry powder inhalers, nasal sprays, liquid orals, Injectables and various platform technologies.

R & D has developed the formulations for new and existing molecules and drug combinations which include its standardization and execution at production site, evaluation of these batches against reference samples for safety, efficacy and bio-equivalence.

Development of new analytical test procedures for various dosage forms to establish the quality and setting up specification for the release, stability testing of dosage forms and Active Pharmaceutical ingredient.



#### 2. Benefits derived as a result of the above R & D:

Product Improvement, Process Development, Standardization of Quality Control of Formulation.

# 3. Future plan of action:

- Nutraceuticals product development.
- Launching new division in Inspira
- Technology advancement.
- Development of formulations for Semi regulatory market.
- Development of formulations for Domestic market.

## 4. Expenditure on R & D:

i) Capital : Nil
 ii) Recurring : Nil
 iii) Total : Nil
 iv) Total R & D Expenditure as percentage to total turnover : Nil

#### TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, ADAPTATION AND INNOVATION

Efforts made in technology absorption, adaptation and innovation:

#### DISCLOSURE OF PARTICULARS WITH REGARD TO TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

- 1. Efforts in brief made towards technology absorption, adaptation and innovation:
- a) Our efforts in the area of technology absorption, adoption and innovation are based on our own efforts include improvement in yield and quality, efficacy, improvement of processes and development of new processes with validation studies.
- 2. Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts:

Benefits derived are introduction of new products, improvement in the yield and quality, safety and efficacy of products, cost reduction of products and processes without affecting the quality of the products and process efficacy.

#### C: FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

During the year under review the foreign exchange earnings was Rs.4,863.66 Lakhs and outgo was Rs.517.94 Lakhs.

\*\*\*\*\*\*



# Annual Report for the F.Y. 31st March, 2022 on Corporate Social Responsibility

(Pursuant to Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014)

1. A brief outline of the company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programs:

Company met the threshold criteria of profit as mentioned under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') as on March 31, 2021. Accordingly, the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable from F.Y. 2021-22.

As per criteria of spending on Corporate Social Responsibility ('CSR') u/s 135 read with section 198 of the Act, the amount spend applicable to company is below rupees fifty lakhs and pursuant to section 135(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 where the amount to be spent by a company under sub-section (5) does not exceed fifty lakh rupees, the requirement to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee shall not be applicable. Hence the Board of Directors of the Company shall discharge the functions of the CSR Committee.

The Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy of the Company, as approved by the Board of the Directors, is available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.cachetindia.com">www.cachetindia.com</a>.

- The Company plans to support/ partner and assist various CSR activities in the following areas:
  - a. To Promote education
  - b. Health Care
  - c. Sanitation Contribution

# 2. The Composition of the CSR Committee as on March 31, 2022:

 Pursuant to section 135(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 where the amount to be spent by a company under subsection (5) does not exceed fifty lakh rupees, the requirement to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee shall not be applicable.

3. Average net profit of the company for last three financial years: Rs. 286.51 Lakhs

4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure: Rs. 5.73 Lakhs

(two percent of the amount as in item 3 above)

5. Details of CSR spent during the financial year.

(a) Total amount to be spent for the financial year: Rs. 5.75 Lakhs
(b) Amount unspent, if any: Rs. NIL

(c) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year: As tabled below

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Sr. No	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or Programmes  1) Local area or other  2) Specify the state and district where projects or programs was undertaken	Amount outlay (budget) project or program wise	Amount spent on the projects or programs Sub-heads: 1) Direct Expenditur es on projects or programs 2) Overheads	Cumulative Expenditure up to the reporting period.	Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency
1.	Education and Healthcare	Promotion of Education and Healthcare	Late Shri K. P. Shrinarayan Charitable Trust, -Mumbai	INR 5.75 Lakhs	INR 5.75 Lakhs	INR 5.75 Lakhs	Through Implementing agency (CSR Reg. No. CSR00024639)



6. In case the company has failed to spend the two per cent, of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board report:

N.A.

7. The CSR Committee confirms that the implementation and monitoring of the CSR activities of the Company are in compliance with the CSR objectives and CSR Policy of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

Date: 05.05.2022 Place: Mumbai

Sd/-

Satish Kumar Singh Managing Director DIN:00245703





1406, Marathon Icon, Marathon NextGen Campus, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel (West), Mumbai - 400013.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the Members of CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2022, and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA's") specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report including Annexures to Director's Report and Company's Information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 (Ind AS) of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that:

We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- a) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- b) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- c) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- d) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- e) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements. Refer Note 3.31 to the financial statements.
  - ii. The Company does not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
  - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

For R.S. SANGHAI & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 109094W

Sd/-

R.S. SANGHAI

Place: Mumbai Partner
Date: 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 M. No.: 036931

UDIN No. | 2 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 1 | A | I | L | P | U | C | 8 | 1 | 3 | 9

### Re: CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

### "Annexure A" to the Independent Auditors' Report for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, we report that:

- i. (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
  - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management in a phased manner, designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its business. Pursuant to the program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) Based on our examination of the property tax receipts and lease agreement for land on which building is constructed, registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title in respect of self-constructed buildings and title deeds of all other immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
  - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year and accordingly, requirements of para 3(i)(d) is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder against the Company.
- ii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year which in our opinion is appropriate considering the size and the nature of business of the Company. The discrepancies noticed on such physical verification of inventory as compared to book records which has been properly dealt with in the books of account were not more than ten percent in aggregate for each class of inventory.
  - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate at any point of time during the year from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Hence, reporting requirement under para 3(ii)(b) of the order is not applicable.

- iii. The Company has made investments in companies, and granted unsecured loans to its employees, during the year, in respect of which:
  - a) The Company has not given any loan or advance in the nature of loans to any other entity during the year, and hence reporting requirement under para 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - b) In our opinion, the investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of loans to employees, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
  - c) In respect of loans granted by the Company to its employees, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are generally been regular as per stipulation.
  - d) In respect of loans granted by the Company to its employees, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
  - e) No loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same employees.
  - f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting requirement under para 3(iii)(f) of the order is not applicable.

The Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.

- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposit in the nature of deposit and amounts which are deemed to be deposits, as defined under the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 are not applicable. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the based on the audit procedures performed by us, we report that no order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal on the Company.
- vi. In respect of the Company, maintenance of Cost Records has been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the company pursuant to the Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Act and we are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained.

- vii. (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures performed, we report that the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. No undisputed amount is payable in respect of the above as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable. In case of provident fund, delays were noticed in few cases up to 321 days due to pending generation of Universal Account Number (UAN).
  - (b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 on account of disputes, are given below -

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Total Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	Amount deposited (Rs. In Lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Sales Tax Maharashtra	VAT payable against pending form(s)	29.92	1.15	2013-14	Joint Commissioner of State tax
Sales Tax Maharashtra	Sales Tax	6.47	Nil	2005-06	Deputy. Commissioner of State tax
Sales Tax Maharashtra	Sales Tax	2.73	Nil	2016-17	Deputy. Commissioner of State tax
GST Act	Cenvat Credit	3.52	Nil	2017-18	Assistant Commissioner Central Goods and Service Tax
Custom Tax Act	Custom drawback recovery	24.31	Nil	01.04.2014 to 31.03.2018	Assistant Commissioner of Customs
Income Tax Act 1961	Income Tax	6.29	Nil	2011-12	Assessing Officer
Income Tax Act 1961	Income Tax	10.58	3.00	2014-15	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal)
Income Tax Act 1961	Income Tax	14.65	Nil	2015-16	Assessing Officer
Total		98.47	4.15		

- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures performed, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.

- (b) The Company is not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.
- (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and hence, reporting requirement under para 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) The company has not raised any funds on short term basis during the year and hence reporting requirement under para 3(ix)(d) is not applicable.
- (e) The Company does not have any Subsidiary, Joint Venture or Associate companies and accordingly reporting requirement under para 3(ix)(e) is not applicable.
- (f) The Company does not have any Subsidiary, Joint Venture or Associate companies and hence reporting requirement under para 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting requirement under para 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partly or optionally convertible) and hence reporting requirement under para 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) No fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
  - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
  - (c) The requirements of establishing whistle blower mechanism is not applicable to the Company as per Section 177(9) of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014. Hence, reporting requirement under para (xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting requirement under para (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence the provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting requirements under para 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable.
  - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and accordingly reporting requirement under para 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. (a) There are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting requirement under para 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
  - (b) There are no amount remaining unspent under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, pursuant to ongoing project and accordingly reporting requirement under para 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For R.S. SANGHAI & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 109094W

Sd/-

**R.S. SANGHAI** 

Place: Mumbai Partner Date: 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 M. No.: 036931

UDIN No. | 2 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 1 | A | I | L | P | U | C | 8 | 1 | 3 | 9 |

### Re: CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

### "Annexure B" to the Independent Auditors' Report for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") referred to in paragraph 2(e) under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date:

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For R.S. SANGHAI & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 109094W

Sd/-

R.S. SANGHAI

Place: Mumbai Partner Date: 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 M. No.: 036931

UDIN No. | 2 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 1 | A | I | L | P | U | C | 8 | 1 | 3 | 9

# CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2022

		Note	As at	As at
Partic	culars	No.	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	T		Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
I.	ASSETS			
1	Non-Currens Assets			
'	(a) Property, plant and equipments	3.1	2,350.61	2,499.30
	(b) Capital work in progress	3.1	108.39	2,499.50
	(c) Intangible assets	3.1	128.32	255.20
	(d) Financial assets	0.1	120.02	200.20
	(i) Investments	3.2	1.15	1.15
	(ii) Other non-current financial assets	3.3	4,113.81	73.16
	(e) Deferred tax assets (net)	3.4E	597.93	758.39
	(f) Non Current tax assets (net)	3.4D	186.21	173.57
	(g) Other non-current assets	3.5	9.37	0.25
	Total Non-Current Assets		7,495.79	3,761.03
			,	·
2	Current Assets			
	(a) Inventories	3.6	3,806.73	2,980.73
	(b) Financial assets			
	(i) Trade receivables	3.7	5,088.59	5,255.05
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	3.8	581.54	449.26
	(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	3.9	1,201.00	2,919.60
	(iv) Loans	3.10	120.44	73.24
	(v) Other current financial assets	3.11	97.64	388.80
	(c) Other current assets	3.12	1,278.75	807.04
	Total Current Assets		12,174.69	12,873.72
	TOTAL ASSETS		19,670.48	16,634.75
II.	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
١.				
1	Equity			
	(a) Equity share capital	3.13	17.83	17.83
	(b) Other equity	3.14	6,155.73	5,099.51
_	Total Equity Non-Current Liabilities		6,173.56	5,117.34
2				
	(a) Financial liabilities	3.15	938.21	904.00
	(i) Borrowings	3.16	65.98	894.92 137.67
	(ii) Lease liabilities			
	(b) Provisions Total Non-Current Liabilities	3.17	1,231.40 2,235.59	1,102.11 2,134.70
	Total Non-Current Liabilities		2,235.59	2,134.70
3	Current Liabilities			
	(a) Financial liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	3.18	11.67	88.49
	(ii) Lease liabilities	3.19	71.69	70.44
	(iii) Trade payables	3.20	7 1.00	70.11
	(a) Dues of micro and small enterprises	0.20	816.42	559.05
	(b) Dues of creditors other than micro and			
	small enterprises		4,599.02	4,761.40
	(iv) Other current financial liabilities	3.21	2,930.09	2,328.23
	(b) Other current liabilities	3.22	775.51	416.81
	(c) Provisions	3.23	1,920.55	1,158.29
	(d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	3.4D	136.38	<u> </u>
	Total Current Liabilities		11,261.33	9,382.71
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		19,670.48	16,634.75
	Cianificant accounting a Richard	_		
	Significant accounting policies	1		
	Key accounting judgements and estimates  Notes to the Financial Statements	2 3		
	The accompanying notes are an integral part of finance	-		
	The accompanying notes are an integral part of fillant	nui sialtintiils		

As per our Report attached of even date, For R. S. SANGHAI & ASSOCIATES

**Chartered Accountants** Firm Reg No: 109094W For & on behalf of the Board,

**CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED** 

CIN:U24230BR1978PTC001328

Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-

R.S.Sanghai Partner

Membership No: 036931 Place: Mumbai Date: 5th May, 2022

S.K.Singh Managing Director DIN: 00245703

**Arunkumar Deshmukh** Independent Director DIN: 07210367

Page 2

# CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
		Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
In a sure.			
Income:	0.04	40,000 70	00.404.00
Revenue from operations	3.24	43,080.72	32,184.63
Other income	3.25	312.64	205.84
Total Income		43,393.36	32,390.47
Expenses:			
Cost of materials consumed	3.26	4,878.88	4,446.47
Purchases of stock-in-trade		21,241.96	13,466.60
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress	3.27	(858.56)	(57.88)
Employee benefits expense	3.28	8,384.54	7,603.65
Finance costs	3.29	154.37	170.32
Depreciation and amortization expense	3.1	375.68	402.23
Other expenses	3.30	7,373.23	5,749.21
Total Expenses		41,550.10	31,780.60
Profit before exceptional items and Tax			
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax		1,843.26	609.87
Exceptional item:			
Profit on Sale of Property, plant and equipment		-	667.22
Profit/(loss) before tax		1,843.26	1,277.09
Tax expense:	3.4A		
Current tax	0.171	787.37	264.20
Deferred tax (Net)		(20.11)	103.72
Less: MAT credit entitlement		(20.11)	
		(25.06)	(71.53)
Prior Period Tax Adjustment	l ⊢	(25.06)	-
Total tax expense	_	742.20	296.39
Profit after tax		1,101.06	980.70
Other Community and in the community and			
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		(00.00)	(00.00)
- Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		(63.26)	(66.82)
- Tax on Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		18.42	19.46
Total of Other Comprehensive Income for the period, net		(44.84)	(47.36)
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	<u> </u>	1,056.22	933.34
Earnings per equity share (In Rs.)	3.34		
Basic		6,173.91	5,499.05
Diluted		6,173.91	5,499.05
Face Value of Equity Share (In Rs.)		100.00	100.00
Significant accounting policies	1		
Key accounting judgements and estimates	2		
Notes to the Financial Statements	3		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of financial s	-		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of illiancial s			

As per our Report attached of even date, For R. S. SANGHAI & ASSOCIATES

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Reg No: 109094W

For & on behalf of the Board,

**CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED** 

Sd/-

CIN:U24230BR1978PTC001328

Sd/-Sd/-

R.S.Sanghai S.K.Singh Arunkumar Deshmukh Partner Independent Director

Managing Director DIN: 00245703 DIN: 07210367 Membership No: 036931

Place: Mumbai Date: 5th May, 2022

## CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2022

### A. Equity Share Capital

(1) Current reporting Period (Rs. in Lakhs)

Balance as at 31 March, 2021	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance as at 31 March, 2022
17.83	ı	17.83

(2) Previous reporting (Rs. in Lakhs)

Ralance as at 31 March 2020 Changes in equity share capital during Ralance as at 31 March 2021

Balance as at 31 March, 2020	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance as at 31 March, 2021
17.83		17.83

### B. Other equity

(1) Current Reporting period (Rs. in Lakhs)

		Reserves	& surplus		Items of OCI	
Particulars	Capital Total Reserve	Securities Premium	General reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total other equity
Balance as at the 31 March, 2021	31.00	2,496.70	2,500.00	161.82	(90.01)	5,099.51
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March,						
2022	-	-	-	1,101.06	(44.84)	1,056.22
Balance as at 31 March,						
2022	31.00	2,496.70	2,500.00	1,262.88	(134.85)	6,155.73

(2) Previous Reporting period (Rs. in Lakhs)

		Reserves	& surplus		Items of OCI	
Particulars	Capital Total Reserve	Securities Premium	General reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total other equity
Balance as at the 31 March,						
2020	31.00	2,496.70	2,500.00	(818.88)	(42.65)	4,166.16
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March,						
2021	-	-	-	980.70	(47.36)	933.34
Balance as at 31 March,						
2021	31.00	2,496.70	2,500.00	161.82	(90.01)	5,099.51

### Notes:

The Description of the nature and purpose of each reserve within equity:

### (a) Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents investment subsidies from state government.

### (b) Securities premium account

Securities premium represents premium on shares issued.

### (c) General reserve

The Company has transferred a portion of the net profit of the Company before declaring dividend to general reserve pursuant to the earlier provisions of Companies Act, 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### (d) Retained earning

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve.

As per our Report attached of even date,

For R. S. SANGHAI & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg No: 109094W For & on behalf of the Board,

**CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED** 

CIN:U24230BR1978PTC001328

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

R. S. Sanghai

Partner Membership No: 036931 Place: Mumbai Date: 5th May, 2022 S. K. Singh Managing Director DIN: 00245703 Arunkumar Deshmukh Independent Director DIN No.07210367 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

STATEMENT OF CASHTEOW FOR THE TEAR ENDED MARCH ST, 2022	For the year ended	For the year ended
PARTICULARS	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
A Cash flow from Operating Activities:		1101 111 2011110
Profit before tax	1,843.26	1,277.09
Adjustments for:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
Depreciation and amortisation	375.68	402.22
Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	120.12	21.14
Allowances for doubtful debts	(449.51)	52.16
Provision for anticipated sales returns	708.17	580.08
(Gain)/ Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	3.40	(661.76)
Dividend income	(0.19)	(0.14)
Interest income	(244.35)	(186.48)
Interest expenses	148.78	160.42
Fixed asset write off	17.05	-
Subtotal of adjustments	679.15	367.66
Operating profit before working capital changes	2,522.41	1,644.73
Changes in working capital:		
(Increase)/ Decrease in trade receivables	615.98	(1,061.79)
(Increase)/ Decrease in loans, other financial assets and other assets	(216.34)	(357.62)
(Increase)/ Decrease in inventories	(826.00)	(337.18)
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and other liabilities	1,034.22	946.48
Subtotal of adjustments	607.86	(810.11)
		`
Cash generated from operations	3,130.27	834.62
Less: Income taxes paid (Net of refund)	(439.58)	(197.64)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities	2,690.69	636.98
B Cash Flow from Investing Activities:		
Purchases of property, plant and equipments	(238.56)	(150.23)
Sale of property, plant and equipments	9.59	907.03
(Investments) made/ Redemption of bank deposits having maturity of more than 3 months	(2,342.55)	(733.06)
Dividend received	0.19	0.14
Interest received	244.35	186.48
Net cash (used in)/ generated from investing activities	(2,326.98)	210.36
, , ,		
C Cash Flow from Financing Activities:		
(Repayment) of/ Proceeds from non-current borrowings (net)	43.27	(231.12)
(Repayment) of/ Proceeds from current borrowings (net)	(55.48)	(588.56)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(83.94)	(89.62)
Interest paid	(135.28)	(145.64)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities	(231.43)	(1,054.94)
D Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	132.28	(207.60)
E Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year (Refer note 3.8)	449.26	656.86
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (D+E) (Refer note 3.8)	581.54	449.26

### Notes:

- 1. Cash & Cash Equivalents include cash and Bank Balances in Current Accounts and in Deposit Accounts (Refer Note 3.8 of the notes to financial statements).
- 2. Additions to Property, plant and equipments (Including Capital Work In Progress) are considered as a part of investing activities.
- 3. Interest Income on Bank Deposits is classified as cash flow from Investing Activities.
- 4. Above Cash Flow Statements is prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard 7 (IND AS-7) "Statement of Cash Flow".
- 5. Previous year's figures have been regrouped or rearranged wherever necessary.

Significant accounting policies	1
Key accounting judgements and estimates	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3
The accompanying notes are an integral part of financial statements	

# CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

As per our Report attached of even date, For & on behalf of the Board,

For R. S. SANGHAI & ASSOCIATES CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

Chartered Accountants CIN:U24230BR1978PTC001328

Firm Reg No: 109094W

Sd/-

Date: 5th May, 2022

R. S. Sanghai S. K. Singh Arunkumar Deshmukh

Sd/-

Sd/-

Partner Managing Director Independent Director

Membership No: 036031 DIN: 00245703 DIN: 07210367

Membership No: 036931 DIN : 00245703 DIN : 07210367 Place: Mumbai

### **NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:**

### 1 Company overview and Significant accounting policies

### 1A Company overview

**M/s. Cachet Pharmaceuticals Private Limited** ('the Company') was incorporated in 1978 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 of India, as a Company with limited liability. The Company is domiciled in India with its registered office address being Exhibition Road, P.S. Gandhi Maidan, Patna - 800001, India. The Company is engaged in manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals products.

### 1B Significant accounting policies

### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements:

### a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022 have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in consultation with the National Advisory Committee on Accounting Standards, under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) and the relevant provisions of the Act.

The financial statements are prepared in Indian rupees rounded off to the nearest lakhs except for EPS (Earnings per share), unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on May 05, 2022.

### b) Basis of preparation and presentation

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in **Note 2**. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The Company presents assets and liabilities in Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

### An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

### A liability is classified as current when:

- i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period
- iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

### c) Basis of measurement

These financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

### d) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

### 1.2 Property, plant and equipment ("PPE"):

### a) Recognition and Measurement

- i) Items of Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of Property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and other non-refundable taxes or levies and any directly attributable cost of bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use and any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at purchase price. Cost of the assets also includes interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying assets up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use incurred up to that date.
- ii) Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.
- iii) Cost of items of Property, plant and equipment not ready for intended use as on the balance sheet date, is disclosed as capital work in progress. Advances given towards acquisition of Property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as capital advance under "Other non-current assets".

### b) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to PPE is capitalised only if such expenditure results in an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

### c) Depreciation

Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of PPE over its useful life and is provided on a straight-line basis over the useful lives as prescribed under Schedule II to the Act. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of PPE is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation on additions/ disposals is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from/ up to the date on which is asset is ready to use/ disposed of. Freehold land is not depreciated.

The carrying amount of the PPE as on 1st April, 2014 is depreciated over the remaining useful life.

PPE	Useful life
Factory Buildings	30 years
Office Buildings	60 years
Plant and machinery	15 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Computers	3 years
Servers & Networks	6 years
Vehicles	8 years
Other office equipments	5 years

### 1.3 Intangible assets:

### a) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets such as computer software that are acquired by the Company and have finite useful life are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

### b) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific assets to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss as incurred.

### c) Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost of intangible assets less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognised in the Statement of profit and loss. The estimated useful lives for current and comparative periods are as follows:

Intangible assets	Useful life
Computer software	5 Years
Right of use assets	Over the period of lease

### 1.4 <u>Impairment of non-financial assets:</u>

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### 1.5 Leases:

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset;
- (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease; and
- (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability or all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend the lease before the end of the lease term, but the renewal aspect has not been added to the lease term since the option to renew the lease lies with both the lessor and the lessee.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using discount rates generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics. Lease liabilities are remeasured

with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option. Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet.

### 1.6 Financial instruments:

### Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

### Classification and subsequent measurement

### **Financial Assets**

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- Amortised cost:
- Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) Debt investment;
- Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) Equity investment; or
- Fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at EVTPI:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI (designated as FVOCI – equity investment). This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

### Financial assets: Business model assessment

The Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management; the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated -e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for de-recognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

### Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- · prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

### Financial assets: subsequent measurement and gains and losses

### i) Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

### ii) Financial assets at amortised cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is recognised in profit or loss.

### iii) Debt investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

### iv) Equity investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.

### **Financial Liabilities**

### Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gains or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

### De-recognition

### Financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers not retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership but does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

### Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired. The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flow under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.

### **Offsetting**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously.

### 1.7 Equity instruments:

Equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities and includes no obligation to deliver cash or other financial assets.

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issuance costs.

### 1.8 <u>Inventories:</u>

- a) Raw Materials and Packing Materials are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. However, if the finished goods in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost they are valued at cost. If the decline in price of materials indicate that the cost of finished goods exceeds net realisable value, the materials are written down to net realisable value; cost is calculated on moving weighted average basis.
- b) Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress are valued at lower of cost (on moving weighted average basis) and net realisable value. In respect of finished goods, cost includes materials, appropriate share of utilities and other overheads. Trading Goods are valued at lower of cost (on moving weighted average basis) and net realisable value. Cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.
- c) Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### 1.9 Revenue recognition and measurement:

a) Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when control of the goods are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods. The Company assesses promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of transaction price is allocated.

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after deduction of any trade discounts, allowances and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for discounts, probable saleable and non-saleable return of goods from the customers. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

- b) Income from services rendered is recognised based on agreements/ arrangements with the customers as the service is performed and there are no unfulfilled obligations.
- Export benefits available under prevalent schemes are accrued in the year in which the goods are exported and no significant uncertainty exist regarding its ultimate collection.
- d) Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.
- e) Dividend from investment is recognised as revenue when right to receive the payments is established.
- f) Royalty income in relation to sales based or usage-based royalties in exchange for a licence of intellectual properties is recognised only when the later of the following event occurs:
  - (a) The subsequent sale or usage occurs; and
  - (b) The performance obligation to which some or all of the sales-based or usage-based royalty has been allocated has been satisfied (or partially satisfied).

### 1.10 Goods and Services Tax (GST):

In accordance with the method of accounting regularly employed by the Company, GST input tax credit has been accounted on the basis of "exclusive method".

### 1.11 Foreign currencies:

### Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the Company at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

### 1.12 Employee Benefits:

### a) Post-employment Benefits and Other Long-Term Benefits:

### i) Defined Contribution Plan:

Company's contribution for the year paid/ payable to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged to Statement of profit and loss. The Company's contributions towards provident fund for eligible employees are considered to be defined contribution plan for which the Company made contribution on monthly basis.

### ii) Defined Benefit and Other Long Term Benefit Plans:

Company's liabilities towards defined benefit plans and other long term benefits viz. gratuity and compensated absences expected to occur after twelve months, are determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial valuations under the Projected Unit Credit Method are carried out at the balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Other Comprehensive income in the period of occurrence of such gains and losses. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost, and as reduced by the fair value of scheme assets, if any.

### b) Short term employee benefits:

Short term employee benefits are benefits payable and recognised in 12 months. Short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised undiscounted during the year as the related service are rendered by the employee. These benefits includes performance incentives.

### 1.13 Taxes on Income:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

### a) Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to the income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) under the provision of Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognized as current tax in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The credit available under the Act in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is reasonable evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) Credit are in the form of unused tax credits that are carried forward by the Company for a specified period of time, hence, it is presented as Deferred Tax Asset.

### b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is also recognised in respect of carried forward tax losses and tax credits. However, deferred tax is not recognised:

• in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other

- In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit
- in case of temporary differences if any that may arise from initial recognition of goodwill, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised
- in case of temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. The existence of unused tax losses is strong evidence that future taxable profit may not be available. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the Company recognises a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. Deferred tax assets unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised/ reduced to the extent that it is probable/ no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

### 1.14 Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred by the Company in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of those tangible fixed assets which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the period in which they are incurred.

### 1.15 Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) that can be estimated reliably and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

### 1.16 Earnings per share ('EPS'):

Basic EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares outstanding during the period except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

### 1.17 Government Grants:

Grants related to depreciable assets are treated as deferred income which is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful life of the asset. Such allocation to income is usually made over the periods and in the proportions in which depreciation on related assets is charged. Government Grants of revenue nature is reduced from related expenses in the statement of Profit and Loss in the year of its receipt or when there is a reasonable assurance of its being received.

### 1.18 Non-current assets held for sale:

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use. Such assets are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sale. Losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on re-measurement are recognised in the statement of profit & loss.

Once classified as held for sale, property, plant and equipment are no longer depreciated.

### 1.19 Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank including fixed deposits (having original maturity of less than 3 months), cheques in hand and cash in hand.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2022

### Note 2: Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The company prepares its financial statements in accordance with Ind AS as issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), the application of which often requires judgments to be made by management when formulating the company's financial position and results. The directors are required to adopt those accounting policies most appropriate to the company's circumstances for the purpose of presenting fairly the company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

In determining and applying accounting policies, judgment is often required in respect of items where the choice of specific policy, accounting estimate or assumption to be followed could materially affect the reported results or net asset position of the Company should it later be determined that a different choice would be more appropriate.

Management considers the accounting estimates and assumptions discussed below to be its critical accounting estimates and, accordingly, provide an explanation of each below. The discussion below should also be read in conjunction with the Company's disclosure of significant accounting policies which are provided in note 1 to the financial statements, 'Significant accounting policies'.

### a) Estimate of current and deferred tax

The Company's tax charge on ordinary activities is the sum of the total current and deferred tax charges. The calculation of the Company's total tax charge necessarily involves a degree of estimation and judgement in respect of certain items whose tax treatment cannot be finally determined until resolution has been reached with the relevant tax authority or, as appropriate, through a formal legal process. The final resolution of some of these items may give rise to material profits/losses and/or cash flows.

### b) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The recognition of deferred tax assets is based upon whether it is more likely than not that sufficient and suitable taxable profits will be available in the future against which the reversal of temporary differences can be deducted. To determine the future taxable profits, reference is made to the latest available profit forecasts. Where the temporary differences are related to losses, relevant tax law is considered to determine the availability of the losses to offset against the future taxable profits.

### c) Estimation of useful life

The useful life used to amortise or depreciate intangible assets or property, plant and equipment respectively relates to the expected future performance of the assets acquired and management's judgement of the period over which economic benefit will be derived from the asset. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. Increasing an asset's expected life or its residual value would result in a reduced depreciation charge in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The useful lives and residual values of Company's assets are determined by the management as per Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013.

### d) Provision for trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at their amortised cost as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Estimated irrecoverable amounts are based on the ageing of the receivable balances and historical experience. Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems them not to be collectible.

### e) Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Company exercises judgement in measuring and recognising provisions and the exposures to contingent liabilities related to pending litigation or other outstanding claims subject to negotiated settlement, mediation, arbitration or government regulation, as well as other contingent liabilities. Judgement is necessary in assessing the likelihood that a pending claim will succeed, or a liability will arise, and to quantify the possible range of the financial settlement. Because of the inherent uncertainty in this evaluation process, actual losses may be different from the originally estimated provision.

### f) Provision for Expected Sales Returns

In determining the provision for anticipated sales returns, estimates for probable saleable and non-saleable returns of goods from the customers are made on the basis of historical data of such returns.

3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible Assets and Capital Work in Progress

or richery, rain and Equipment, manging Assets and Capital Working				223.62						Я)	(Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars			Proper	perty, plant and equipment	quipment			Int	Intangible assets		Capital
	Freehold	Buildings	Plant and	Furniture	Vehicles	Office	Total	Computer	Right of use	Total	work in
	Land		Machinery	and Fixtures		Equipments		Software	assets		progress
	7	7000	100 4		7	1	07.007.0	00 01	04.4.4	407.44	000
As at 1st April 2020	134.20	1,030.01	1,405.17	100.81	325.10	CO. 74	3,420.10	155.58	311.72	11.004	08.0
Additions	1	1.02	124.93	•	21.51	19.66	167.12	į	13.81	13.81	ı
Adjustments	•	•			•		•	•	14.80	14.80	(16.90)
Deletions	1	•	22.11	•	90.6	0.57	31.76	•	1		1
As at 31st March 2021	154.26	1,331.03	1,567.99	105.91	337.53	66.74	3,563.46	153.39	340.33	493.72	
As at 1st April, 2021	154.26	1,331.03	1,567.99	105.91	337.53	66.74	3,563.46	153.39	340.33	493.72	•
Additions	1	,	26.37	1.00	67.84	28.11	123.32	6.85	ı	6.85	108.39
Adjustments	•	•	(22.03)	•	(58.46)	•	(80.49)	(0.73)	1	(0.73)	,
Deletions	•	•	(0.20)	•	(24.33)	(0.33)	(24.86)	•	1	•	,
As at 31st March, 2022	154.26	1,331.03	1,572.13	106.91	322.58	94.52	3,581.43	159.51	340.33	499.84	108.39
:											
Depreciation and amortisation			1				İ	:			
As at 1st April 2020	•	121.23	582.35	52.49	11.27	11.58	778.92	75.46	65.33	140.79	•
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	1	53.16	175.51	11.54	50.30	13.99	304.50	11.43	86.30	97.73	•
Adjustments			1	•	ı		•		1		1
Deductions	1	_	12.98	-	5.94	0.34	19.26	•	1	-	•
As at 31st March 2021	-	174.39	744.88	64.03	55.63	25.23	1,064.16	86.89	151.63	238.52	
		1	1	0	C L L	C L	7	0	1	0	
As at 1st April, 2021		0.4.59	744.66	04.03	22.03	25.23	1,004.10	80.69	101.03	236.33	•
Depreciation/amortisation for the year		53.82	100.41	9.87	54.13	71.11	242.03	93.48	cl.0/	133.03	
Adjustments			(19.48)		(44.05)		(63.53)		1	. :	1
Deductions				ı	(11.40)	(0.31)	(11.86)	(0.63)		(0.63)	
As at 31st March, 2022	•	228.21	831.66	74.00	54.31	45.64	1,230.82	149.74	221.78	371.52	•
Net Book Value											
As at 31st March, 2021	154.26	1,156.64	823.11	41.88	281.90	41.51	2,499.30	96.50	188.70	255.20	1
As at 31st March, 2022	154.26	1,102.82	740.47	32.91	268.27	51.88	2,350.61	9.77	118.55	128.32	108.39

Note: Title deeds of all the Immovable properties are in the name of the company.

### 3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible Assets and Capital Work in Progress

### Capital Work in Progress Schedule:

Ageing schedule as at 31st March, 2022

		Amount in CWIP for a period of				
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years		
Projects in Progress	108.39	-	-	-	108.39	
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	108.39	-	-	-	108.39	

Completion schedule as at 31st March, 2022

		То	be completed in		Total
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Plant & machinery under installation in Factory	106.96	-	-	-	106.96
Furniture under construction at Depot	1.43	-	-	-	1.43
Total	108.39	-	-	-	108.39

Note: There was no item in Capital Work in Progress as at 31st March, 2021 and accordingly no details are given for previous period.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
	Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
3.2 : NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS:		
Unquoted:		
Investment in Equity shares:		
(at fair value through profit and loss)		
a) 9,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each of Shivalik Solid Waste Management Limited	0.90	0.90
b) 2,500 equity shares of Rs.10/- each of The Saraswat Co-operative Bank Limited	0.25	0.25
TOTAL	1.15	1.15
3.3 : OTHER NON CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS :		
(a) Security deposits	47.71	68.21
(b) Bank Deposits with maturity more than 12 months	4,018.26	4.61
(c) Interest on deposit accrued but not due	47.84	0.34
TOTAL	4,113.81	73.16

3.4 Tax expense

(A) Amounts recognised in profit and loss		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	For the period ended	For the year ended
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Current income tax	787.37	264.20
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(248.84)	103.72
Add/(Less): MAT credit utilisation/(entitlement)	228.73	(71.53)
Tax expense for the year	767.26	296.39

(B) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income						(Rs. in Lakhs)
	) )	For the period ended 31st March, 2022	þ		For the year ended 31st March, 2021	ided 321
ranculars	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	(63.26)	18.42	(44.84)	(66.82)	19.46	(47.36)
	(63.26)	18.42	(44.84)	(66.82)	19.46	(47.36)

(C) Reconciliation of effective tax rate				(Rs. in Lakhs)
Darticitae	(%)	For the period ended	(%)	For the year ended
r ai itediai s		31st March, 2022		31st March, 2021
Profit before tax		1,843.30		1,277.09
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate (Current year: 29.12% and Previous year: 29.12%)	29.12%	536.77	29.12%	371.89
Impact of increase in tax rate on opening balance of deferred tax assets/ liabilities	•	ı	(6.05%)	(77.24)
Tax effect of:				
Long term capital gains taxable at lower rate under Income Tax Act	•	ı	0.14%	1.84
Expense/Income not deductible/included for tax purposes	12.16%	224.12	0.04%	0.45
Carried forward loss setoff in current year not recognised earlier	•		(0.44%)	(2.68)
Expenses disallowed under Income Tax Act	(0.17%)	(3.13)	0.24%	3.02
Others	0.52%	9.50	0.16%	2.11
	41.62%	767.26	<b>767.26</b> 23.21%	296.39

The Company's weighted average tax rates for the years ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 were 29.12%. Income tax expense was Rs. 767.20 Lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2021. The Company's effective tax rate for the year ended March 31, 2022 was 41.62% (March 31, 2021: 23.21%)

# (

(D) lax assets/ (liabilities)		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Non-current tax assets/ (Current tax liabilities)		
Non Current Tax Assets	186.21	173.57
Current tax liabilities - Net of Income tax assets	(136.38)	
	49.83	173.57

### (E) Movement in deferred tax assets & liabilities

(Rs. in Lakhs) 31st March, 2022

Particulars	Net balance April 1, 2021	Recognised in profit or	Recognised in OCI	Adjustment/ Utilisation	Net	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
	7, 2021	loss	111 001	Othisation		1431 45001	
Deferred tax liabilities							
Property, plant and equipment	(372.64)	39.16	-	-	(333.49)	-	(333.49)
Deferred tax assets							
Trade Receivable	294.57	(130.90)	_	_	163.66	163.66	_
(Provision for doubtful debts)	294.57	(130.90)	-	-	103.00	103.00	_
Lease Liability-Lease Property	60.60	(20.51)	-	-	40.09	40.09	-
Right To Use-Lease Property	(54.95)	20.43	-	-	(34.52)	-	(34.52)
Employee benefits	426.10	10.04	18.42	-	454.56	454.56	-
Provision on anticipated sales return	282.49	206.22	-	-	488.71	488.71	-
Right on refund of returned assets	(85.43)	(95.66)	-	-	(181.09)	-	(181.09)
Provision for security deposits	3.67	(3.67)	-	-	(0.00)		- /
Provision for advances to employees	4.99	(4.99)	-	-	(0.00)	(0.00)	-
MAT Credit Entitlement	198.99	29.75	1	(228.73)	0.01	0.01	-
Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)	758.39	49.87	18.42	(228.73)	597.93	1,147.03	(549.09)
Offsetting of deferred tax assets &		_	_	_	_	(549.09)	549.09
deferred tax liabilities	-	-	•	_	•	(349.09)	349.09
Net deferred tax assets /	758.39	49.87	18.42	(228.73)	597.93	597.93	
(liabilities)	1 30.39	43.01	10.42	(220.73)	331.33	391.93	_

### Movement in deferred tax assets & liabilities

(Rs. in Lakhs) 31st March, 2021

						01361	iarch, 202 i
Particulars	Net balance 1st April, 2020	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Adjustment/ Utilisation	Net	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability
Deferred tax liabilities							
Property, plant and equipment	(362.73)	(9.91)	1	-	(372.64)	-	(372.64)
Deferred tax assets							
Trade Receivable (Provision for doubtful debts)	249.45	45.12	-	-	294.57	294.57	-
Carried forward of Business Loss	325.36	(325.36)	1	-		-	-
Lease liability	66.13	(5.53)	-	-	60.60	60.60	-
Right of use assets	(64.06)	9.11	-	-	(54.95)	-	(54.95)
Employee benefits	328.10	78.54	19.46	-	426.10	426.10	-
Provision on anticipated sales return	101.40	181.09	-	-	282.49	282.49	-
Right on refund of returned assets	-	(85.43)	-	-	(85.43)	-	(85.43)
Provision for security deposits	-	3.67	-		3.67	3.67	-
Provision for advances to employees	-	4.99	-		4.99	4.99	-
MAT credit entitlement	127.46	71.53	-	-	198.99	198.99	-
Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)	771.11	(32.18)	19.46	-	758.39	1,271.41	(513.02)
Offsetting of deferred tax assets & deferred tax liabilities	-	-	-		-	(513.02)	513.02
Net deferred tax assets / (liabilities)	771.11	(32.18)	19.46		758.39	758.38	-

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

In India, in case income tax payable on book profit (i.e. Minimum alternate tax - 'MAT') exceeds the income tax payable on tax profit, the differential amount shall be carried forward as a MAT credit for a period of 15 years. The said MAT credit can be offset against any future income tax payable. The Company has carry forward amount of MAT of Rs. **0** Lakhs as at March 31, 2022 (Rs. 198.99 Lakhs as at March 31, 2021).

Significant management judgement is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income by each jurisdiction in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

### NOTE - 3: NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

		As at	As at
Particulars		31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
		Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
3.5 : OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Capital advances		9.37	0.25
	TOTAL	9.37	0.25
3.6 : INVENTORIES:			
Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value: (Refer Note 1.8)			
Raw and packing materials		816.70	849.26
Work-in-progress		79.20	82.77
Finished goods		612.77	533.05
Goods in transit (Finished goods)		62.44	63.34
Stock-in-trade		2,017.51	1,225.87
Goods in transit (Stock-in-trade)		218.11	226.44
	TOTAL	3,806.73	2,980.73

**Note:** The Company follows suitable provisioning norms for writing down the value of inventories towards slow moving, non moving, expired and non saleable inventory. Write down of inventory for the year ended 31 March 2022 is **Rs. 68.44 Lakhs** (Previous year Rs.70.60 Lakhs)

3.7 : TRADE RECEIVABLES: Unsecured trade receivables:			
Trade receivables Considered Good		5,650.67	6,266.65
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss		(562.08)	(1,011.60)
	TOTAL	5,088.59	5,255.05

Note: Above trade receivable includes amount due from related parties Rs. 1474.79.54 Lakhs (Previous year Rs.1542.04 Lakhs) (Refer Note 3.38)

### Trade receivable ageing schedule

As at 31st March, 2022

		Outstandin	g for Follo	wing perio	ds from du	e date of payment	
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 Year - 2 Years	2 Years - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – Considered Good	3,344.13	1,675.37	107.70	96.70	110.16	298.09	5,632.14
(ii) Disputed Trade Receivables – Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	18.53	18.53
Total	3,344.13	1,675.37	107.70	96.70	110.16	316.62	5,650.67
Allowances for Expected Credit Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	562.08
Net Total	3,344.13	1,675.37	107.70	96.70	110.16	316.62	5,088.58

As at 31st March, 2021

		Outstandin	g for Follo	wing perio	ds from due	e date of payment	
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1 Year - 2 Years	2 Years - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – Considered Good	3,347.69	1,810.87	85.38	166.75	56.73	782.72	6,250.15
(ii) Disputed Trade Receivables – Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	16.50	16.50
Total	3,347.69	1,810.87	85.38	166.75	56.73	799.23	6,266.65
Allowances for Expected Credit Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,011.60
Net Total	3,347.69	1,810.87	85.38	166.75	56.73	799.23	5,255.05

There are no unbilled receivables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.

Relationship with struck off companies

Relationship with struck off companies	•			Rs. in Lakhs
Name of Struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Transactions during the year March 31, 2022	Balance Outstanding	Relationship with the Struck Off Company, if any, to be disclosed
Arlin Trading And Distribution Pvt Ltd	Receivable	-	0.87	Customer

		As at	As at
PARTICULARS		31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
		Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
3.8 : CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:			
Cash on hand		0.97	1.22
Balance with banks:		280.57	440.04
In current accounts  Bank deposits with original maturity of not more than 3 months		280.57 300.00	448.04
Bank deposits with original maturity of not more than 3 months	TOTAL	581.54	449.26
	IOIAL	001.04	440.20
3.9 : OTHER BANK BALANCES:			
Bank deposits with maturity within 12 months		1,198.90	2,917.50
Margin deposit		2.10	2,917.30
Widigit deposit	TOTAL	1,201.00	2,919.60
		1,201100	2,0.0.00
3.10 : CURRENT LOANS:			
Loans and advances to employees		116.07	65.45
Other loans and advances	TOTAL	4.37	7.79
	TOTAL	120.44	73.24
Break-up of current loans:			
Loans considered good - Unsecured		120.44	73.24
Loans - credit impaired		42.73	35.13
Total		163.17	108.37
Less: Loss allowance		(42.73)	(35.13)
Total current loans		120.44	73.24
3.11 : OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS :			
		00.44	445.05
Interest on deposits, accrued but not due Export incentives receivable		33.11 53.55	115.65 155.60
GST budgetary support receivable		10.98	117.56
So I budgetary support receivable	TOTAL	97.64	388.80
3.12 : OTHER CURRENT ASSETS:			
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)			
Balances with government authorities		522.34	435.61
Advance to suppliers		34.28	3.16
Prepaid expenses		97.47	70.95
Other receivables		2.77	3.94
Right on refund of returned assets	TOTAL	621.89	293.38
	TOTAL	1,278.75	807.04

### **CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED**

### NOTE - 3: NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

		As at	As at
Particulars		31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
		Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
A 40 FOURTY OLIANS CANITAL			
3.13 : EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL:			
Authorised:			
40,000 (previous year: 40,000) equity shares of Rs.100/- each		40.00	40.00
		40.00	40.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up:			
17,834 (previous year: 17,834) equity shares of Rs.100/- each fully paid up		17.83	17.83
	TOTAL	17.83	17.83

(a) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Particulars	As at	As at
raniculais	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Numbers of shares outstanding as at the beginning of the year	17,834	17,834
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-
Less: Shares bought back during the year	-	-
Numbers of shares outstanding as at the end of the year	17,834	17,834

### (b) Rights attached to Equity Shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares with voting rights having a par value of Rs. 100/- per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held.

On winding up of the Company, the shareholders of equity shares will be entitled to receive residual assets of the Company remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of Holding Company:

	As at 31st M	arch, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
Particulars	Percentage	Number of	Percentage of	Number of
	of Holding	Shares	Holding	Shares
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	60.63%	10,813	58.79%	10,484

### (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at 31st N	As at 31st March, 2022		1arch, 2021
Particulars	Percentage	Number of	Percentage of	Number of
	of Holding	Shares	Holding	Shares
Alkem Laboratories Ltd. (The Holding Company)	60.63%	10,813	58.79%	10,484

### (e) Shareholding of Promoter:

### As at 31st March, 2022

Promoter Name	No.of shares at the begining of the year	Changes during the year		% of total shares	% Change during the year
Equity Shares:			_		
Alkem Laboratories Limited	10,484	329	10,813	60.63%	3.14%
Ms. Prerana Kumar	758	-	758	4.25%	-
Mr. Basudeo Narain Singh	731	-	731	4.10%	-
Ms. Anita Singh	585	-	585	3.28%	-
Mr. Samprada Singh	545	(545)	-	-	(100.00%)
Mr. Dhananjay Kumar Singh	525	-	525	2.94%	-
Mr. Mritunjay Kumar Singh	525	-	525	2.94%	-
Mr. Satish Kumar Singh	467	330	797	4.47%	70.66%
Mr. Samprada Singh(HUF)	443	(443)	-	-	(100.00%)
Ms. Manju Singh	428	-	428	2.40%	•
Ms. Madhurima Singh	365	-	365	2.05%	•
Ms. Seema Singh	365	-	365	2.05%	•
Mr. Sarvesh Singh	340	-	340	1.91%	•
Mr. Sandeep Singh	340	-	340	1.91%	•
Ms. Jayanti Sinha	233	-	233	1.31%	•
Mr. Rajesh Kumar	225	-	225	1.26%	•
Mr. Balmiki Prasad Singh	175	329	504	2.83%	188.00%
Ms. Archana Singh	150	-	150	0.84%	-
Mr. Rajeev Ranjan	150	-	150	0.84%	
Total	17,834	-	17,834	100.00%	-

### As at 31st March, 2021

Promoter Name	No.of shares at the begining of the year	Changes during the year	No. of Shares at the end of the year	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Equity Shares:					
Alkem Laboratories Limited	10,484	-	10,484	58.79%	-
Ms. Prerana Kumar	758	-	758	4.25%	-
Mr. Basudeo Narain Singh	731	-	731	4.10%	-
Ms. Anita Singh	585	-	585	3.28%	-
Mr. Samprada Singh	545	-	545	3.06%	-
Mr. Dhananjay Kumar Singh	525	-	525	2.94%	-
Mr. Mritunjay Kumar Singh	525	-	525	2.94%	-
Mr. Satish Kumar Singh	467	-	467	2.62%	-
Mr. Samprada Singh(HUF)	443	-	443	2.48%	-
Ms. Manju Singh	428	-	428	2.40%	-
Ms. Madhurima Singh	365	-	365	2.05%	-
Ms. Seema Singh	365	-	365	2.05%	-
Mr. Sarvesh Singh	340	-	340	1.91%	-
Mr. Sandeep Singh	340	-	340	1.91%	-
Ms. Jayanti Sinha	233	-	233	1.31%	-
Mr. Rajesh Kumar	225	-	225	1.26%	-
Mr. Balmiki Prasad Singh	175	-	175	0.98%	<u>-</u>
Ms. Archana Singh	150	-	150	0.84%	-
Mr. Rajeev Ranjan	150	-	150	0.84%	-
Total	17,834	-	17,834	100.00%	-

	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. In Lakhs
3.14 : OTHER EQUITY:		
Capital reserve:		
At the balance sheet date	31.00	31.00
Securities premium account:		
At the balance sheet date	2,496.70	2,496.70
General reserve:		
At the commencement of the year	2,500.00	2,500.00
Add: Transferred from Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year At the end of the year	2,500.00	2,500.00
	2,300.00	2,300.00
Retained Earning: At the commencement of the year	161.82	(818.88)
Add: Profit after tax for the year	1,101.06	980.70
Profit available for appropriation	1,262.88	161.82
Less : Transfer to General Reserve	-	-
At the end of the year	1,262.88	161.82
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss):		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(90.01)	(42.65)
Add: Profit after tax for the year	(44.84)	(47.36)
Balance at the end of the year	(134.85)	(90.01)
TOTAL	6,155.73	5,099.51

	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. In Lakhs
3.15: NON CURRENT BORROWINGS:		
Secured:		
Hire Purchase:		
Finance companies	14.42	37.57
Less: Current Maturities of long term debts	(11.67)	(21.34)
	2.75	16.23
Unsecured:		
Loans and advances from related parties	865.19	878.70
Other loans and advances	70.27	-
TOTAL	938.21	894.92

### Notes:

- (1) Hire Purchase loans from finance companies are secured against respective assets financed by them.
- (2) There is no default, as at the balance sheet date, in repayment of any of the above loans.

Hire Purchase Loan	Rate of Interest (%)	Monthly Instalment (In Rs.)	(Bal EMI) (No. of Instalments)	Principal Outstanding (In Rs.)	Maturity Date
HP - Kotak Mahindra Prime Ltd (CF-17820201)	8.75	1,22,249	7	8,28,416	05-10-2022
HP - Kotak Mahindra Prime Ltd (CF-16573626)	9.38	31,780	19	6,13,272	01-12-2023

	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. In Lakhs
3.16 : NON CURRENT LEASE LIABILITIES:		
Lease liabilities (Refer Note 3.43)	65.98	137.67
TOTAL 3.17 : NON CURRENT PROVISIONS:	65.98	137.67
Provisions for Employee Benefits:	876.90	770 47
Gratuity (Refer Note 3.33) Compensated absences	354.50	778.17 323.94
TOTA		1,102.11
1012	1,231.40	1,102.11
3.18 : CURRENT BORROWINGS:		
Current maturities of long-term borrowings:		
Hire purchase	11.67	21.34
Unsecured:		
Other loans and advances	-	67.14
TOTA	11.67	88.49
3.19 : CURRENT LEASE LIABILITIES:		
Lease liabilities (Refer Note 3.43)	71.69	70.44
TOTA	71.69	70.44
3.20 : TRADE PAYABLES:		
Dues of micro and small enterprises	816.42	559.05
Dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises*	4,599.02	4,761.40
TOTA	5,415.44	5,320.45

Note: Above trade payable includes amount due to related parties **Rs. 156.32 Lakhs** (Previous year Rs. 88.71 Lakhs) (Refer Note 3.38)

### Trade Payable ageing schedule

As at 31st March, 2022

·		Outstanding for Following periods from the due date of				
Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i) MSME*	813.76	2.65	-	-	-	816.41
(ii) Others	4,369.95	149.20	60.17	18.13	1.58	4,599.02
Total	5,183.71	151.85	60.17	18.13	1.58	5,415.43

As at 31st March, 2021

At a fat Maron, 2021		Outstanding for Following periods from the due date of				
Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
(i) MSME*	554.22	4.84	-	-		559.05
(ii) Others	3,533.56	1,209.24	17.33	0.26	1.01	4,761.40
Total	4,087.78	1,214.08	17.33	0.26	1.01	5,320.46

<sup>\*</sup> Only Micro and Small Enterprises are considered as MSME

There are no "unbilled" trade payables, hence the same are not disclosed in the ageing schedule.

	T	
	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. In Lakhs
3.21 : OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:		
Security deposits	454.00	434.60
Employee payables	1,840.49	1,373.00
Accrual for expenses	635.60	520.63
TOTAL	2,930.09	2,328.23
3.22 : OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Advances from customers	505.67	122.75
Deferred income on charges recovery	5.80	5.80
Due to statutory authorities*	264.04	288.26
TOTAL	775.51	416.81
*Due to statutory authorities includes GST payable, sales tax payable, tax deducted at		
source payable, tax collected at source payable, provident fund and other funds payable.		
3.23 : CURRENT PROVISIONS:		
Provision for anticipated sales returns (Refer Note 3.37)	1,678.24	970.07
Provision for employee benefits:	-,	2. 0.0.
Gratuity (Refer Note 3.33)	154.74	126.87
Compensated absences	87.57	61.35
TOTAL	1,920.55	1,158.29

		For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars		31st March, 2022	31st March 2021
		Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
3.24 : REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS:			
Revenue from contracts with customers:			
Sale of products		42,124.66	31,478.10
Other operating revenue:			
Manufacturing charges		890.21	546.33
Export incentives		37.79	131.88
Royalty Income		7.58	3.23
Scrap sales	TOTAL	20.48 43,080.72	25.09 32,184.63
	IOIAL	43,000.72	32,104.03
3.25 : OTHER INCOME:			
Interest on bank deposits		239.72	158.88
Other interest		4.63	27.60
Dividend income		0.19	0.14
Insurance claim		0.43	0.75
Miscellaneous income/ receipts		0.44	2.87
Foreign currency transactions and translation gain (net)		67.23	15.60
	TOTAL	312.64	205.84
3.26 : COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED:			
Raw material consumed		3,446.68	3,150.72
Packing material consumed		1,432.20	1,295.75
a de la ligación de la constanción	TOTAL	4,878.88	4,446.47
3.27 : CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK-IN-PROGRESS AND STOCK-IN-TRADE:			
Opening stock: Finished goods		596.39	564.09
Stock-in-trade		1,452.31	1,466.65
Work-in-progress		82.77	42.85
· -		2,131.47	2,073.59
Less: Closing Stock		075.04	596.39
Finished goods Stock-in-trade		675.21 2,235.62	1,452.31
Work-in-progress		79.20	82.77
		2,990.03	2,131.47
	TOTAL	(858.56)	(57.88)
2 20 . EMDI OVEE DENIERITE EVDENIER.		•	,
3.28 : EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE:			
Salaries, wages and bonus		7,839.20	6,973.54
Contribution to provident and other funds		433.77	540.61
Employees' welfare expenses	TOTAL	111.57	89.50
	TOTAL	8,384.54	7,603.65
3.29 : FINANCE COST:			
Interest on borrowings		78.72	93.45
Interest on lease liabilities		13.50	14.78
Interest on defined benefit liabilities		56.56	52.19
Other borrowing cost	TOTAL	5.59	9.90
	TOTAL	154.37	170.32

		For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars		31st March, 2022	31st March 2021
		Rs. in Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
3.30 : OTHER EXPENSES:			
Consumption of stores and spare parts		60.87	48.32
Power and fuel		293.88	240.63
Rent		53.55	51.53
Rates and taxes		466.63	435.73
Insurance		104.30	103.70
Commission to C&F agents		244.73	212.05
Freight and distribution expenses		1,070.77	813.81
Marketing expenses		1,832.96	1,141.23
Travelling and conveyance		1,583.87	1,206.05
Repairs:			
- Buildings		33.52	31.09
- Plant and machineries		59.24	49.04
- Others		65.09	39.29
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipments		3.40	5.46
Legal and professional fees		182.53	170.78
Allowance for doubtful debts		79.09	52.16
Contract labour charges		411.28	285.58
Miscellaneous expenses		821.77	862.76
Corporate Social Responsibility		5.75	-
	TOTAL	7,373.23	5,749.21

# 3.31 Contingent liabilities and commitments

a) Contingent liabilities not provided for

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr.	Particulars	As at	As at
No.		31st March,	31st March,
		2022	2021
	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt:		
(i)	Sales Tax/VAT demand disputed in appeal for FY 2005-06 (Advance paid in dispute Rs. Nil)	6.47	-
(ii)	Sales Tax/VAT demand disputed in appeal for FY 2013-14 (Advance paid in dispute of Rs. 1.15 lakhs)	29.92	29.92
(iii)	Cenvat credit disputed with CIT (A) for FY 2017-18 (Advances paid in dispute Rs. Nil)	3.52	-
(iv)	Sales Tax/VAT demand disputed in appeal for FY 2016-17 (Advance paid in dispute Rs. Nil)	2.73	-
(v)	Custom Tax demand disputed with Assistant Commissioner of Customs Drawback Recovery Cell for FY 14-15 till FY 17-18 (Advances paid in dispute Rs. Nil).	24.31	-
(vi)	Income Tax demand disputed in appeal for AY 2015-16 (Advance paid in dispute of Rs. 3 lakhs)	10.58	10.58
(vii)	Income Tax demand disputed at DCIT Circle-I for AY 2012-13 (Advances paid in dispute Rs. Nil)	6.29	6.29
(viii)	Income Tax demand disputed with AO for AY 2016-17 (Advances paid in dispute Rs. Nil)	14.65	14.65
(ix)	TDS demand disputed with CIT (A) for AY 2008-09 (Advances paid in dispute Rs. Nil)	-	0.22
(x)	TDS demand disputed with CIT (A) for AY 2011-12 (Advances paid in dispute Rs. Nil)	-	0.81
	Total	98.47	62.47

Management considers that the above demands received from the respective authorities are not tenable against the Company, and therefore no provision for these tax contingencies have been made.

The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for, where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities wherever applicable, in its financial statement. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have materially adverse effect on its financial statements.

#### b) Commitments

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr.	Particulars	As at	As at
No.		31st March,	31st March,
		2022	2021
1	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Accounts - advance paid	107.82	-
	9.36 Lakh (31 March 2021: Nil)		
2	Outstanding bank guarantees	2.10	2.10
	Total	109.92	2.10

# 3.32 Dues to Micro, Medium and Small Enterprises

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMED), certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro and Small Enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the Management, the outstanding dues to the Micro & Small Enterprises as defined in MSMED are set out in following disclosure:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr.	Particulars	As at	As at
No.		31st March,	31st March,
		2022	2021
а	Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end	816.41	559.02
b	Interest due thereon	0.00	0.03
С	Amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond appointed day during each accounting year.	-	
d	The amounts of the payments made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	-	-
е	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	
f	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	0.00	0.03
g	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-

Note: The Company has written back opening provision of interest of Rs. 0.03 lakh in view of no claims made by the suppliers.

# 3.33 Disclosure of Employee Benefits as per Indian Accounting Standard 19 is as under:

# i) Defined contribution plans:

The Company makes contributions towards provident fund and superannuation fund to a defined contribution retirement benefit plan for qualifying employees. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit plan to fund the benefits. The provident fund plan is operated by the Government administered employee provident fund. Eligible employees receive the benefits from the said Provident Fund. Both the employees and the Company make monthly contribution to the Provident Fund plan equal to a specific percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company has no obligations other than to make the specified contributions.

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of Profit and Loss:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March,	31st March,
	2022	2021
Contribution to Provident Fund	386.50	367.29
Contribution to ESIC	47.19	48.31
Total	433.69	415.60

# ii) Defined benefit plan:

The Company earmarks liability towards unfunded Group Gratuity and Compensated absences and provides for payment to vested employees as under:

a) On Normal retirement/ early retirement/ withdrawal/ resignation:

As per the provisions of Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 with vesting period of 5 years of service.

#### b) On death in service:

As per the provisions of Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 without any vesting period.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity was carried out as at 31st March, 2022 by an independent actuary. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The following table sets out the status of the gratuity plan and the amounts recognised in the Company's financial statements as at 31st March 2022:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr.		As at	As at
No.	Particulars	31st March,	31st March,
		2022	2021
I)	Reconciliation in present value of obligations (PVO) – defined benefit obligation :		
	Current Service Cost	89.67	85.04
	Past Service Cost	-	-
	Interest Cost	56.56	52.19
	Actuarial (gain) / losses	63.26	66.82
	Benefits paid	(82.88)	(135.63)
	PVO at the beginning of the year	905.03	836.61
	PVO at end of the year	1,031.64	905.03
II)	Reconciliation of PVO and fair value of plan assets:		
	PVO at end of year	1,031.64	905.03
	Actuarial gain/(losses)	-	-
	Funded status	-	-
	Unrecognised actuarial gain/ (loss)		
	Net asset/ (liability) recognised in the balance sheet	(1,031.64)	(905.03)
III)	Net cost for the year		
	Current Service cost	89.67	85.04
	Interest cost	56.56	52.19
	Expected return on plan assets	-	-
	Actuarial (gain) / losses	63.26	66.82
	Net cost	209.49	204.05
IV)	Assumption used in accounting for the gratuity plan:		
	Discount rate (%)	6.86	6.72
		9% for 1st	_
	Salary escalation rate (%)	year, 5%	5%
		thereafter	

**Discount rate:** The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

**Salary Escalation Rate:** The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The amounts of the present value of the obligation and experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities are as below:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

					(113. III Lakii3)
Particulars	As at				
	31st March,				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Defined benefit obligation at the end of	1,031.64	905.03	836.61	772.47	675.26
the year					
Experience (Gain)/Loss Adjustment on	49.85	69.97	(2.03)	21.60	(34.39)
plan liabilities					
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss due to change on	10.37	(3.15)	38.53	2.66	(35.93)
assumption					
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss due to Demographic	3.04	-	-	-	-
Assumption changes in DBO					

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

				(	
Particulars	31st Mar	31st March, 2022		31st March, 2021	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
Discount rate (1% movement)	(53.13)	59.16	(61.20)	69.68	
Future salary growth (1% movement)	57.10	(52.14)	63.06	(56.36)	

# 3.34 Earnings per share (EPS)

Particulars			For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Profit /(loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholders	Rs. in Lakhs	Α	1,101.06	980.70
Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year	Nos.		17,834	17,834
Equity shares issued during the period	Nos.		-	-
Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the	Nos.		17,834	17,834
Weighted average number of equity shares	Nos.	В	17,834	17,834
Earnings Per Share - Basic and Diluted	INR	(A / B)	6,173.91	5,499.05

#### 3.35 Disclosure as per Indian Accounting Standard 115 (Ind AS 115):

Reconciliation of the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

		(113. III Lakii3)
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
raniculais	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Revenue as per contracted price - Sale of products and manufacturing charges	44,202.12	32,953.03
Adjustments :		
Provision for Sales return	(1,189.25)	(926.26)
Discounts	6.18	(0.88)
Ind AS 21 (Appendix B) - Advance consideration	(4.18)	(1.46)
Revenue from contract with customers	43,014.87	32,024.43
Other operating revenue (other than manufacturing charges)	65.85	160.20
Revenue from operations	43,080.72	32,184.63

#### Disclosure as per Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 37) for provisions is as under: 3.36

The Company as a trade practice, accepts sales return from market which are primarily in the nature of expired or near expiry products. Provision is made for such returns on the basis of historical experience, market conditions and specific contractual terms.

Provision for anticipated sales returns:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

·		,
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Carrying amount at the beginning of the year	970.07	389.99
Add: Provision made during the year	1,283.52	1,171.51
Less: Amount utilized during the year	575.35	591.43
Carrying amount at the end of the year	1,678.24	970.07

# 3.37 Segment Reporting

The operations of the Company is limited to one segment viz. Pharmaceutical and related products. The products being sold under this segment are of a similar nature and comprises of pharmaceuticals products only.

#### Entity-wide disclosures

The geographical segment revenues by the companies country of domicile (i.e. India) and other countries are as under:

			(RS. IN LAKNS)
Sr.	Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
No.		31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
a)	Revenues from sale of products from external customers attributed to the country of domicile and attributed to all foreign countries from which the company derives revenues		
	Revenue from the Country of Domicile - India	37,588.86	27,644.08
	Revenue from sale of service from the Country of Domicile - India	890.21	546.33
	Revenue from foreign countries	4,601.65	3,994.22
	Total	43,080.72	32,184.63
b)	Revenue from sale of products to a customer (including group		
	entities, excluding taxes), which is more than 10% of the total		
	revenue from India		
	Alkem Laboratories Limited	14,104.45	9,653.04
	Total	14,104.45	9,653.04

# 3.38 Information on related party transactions as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) on related party disclosures

# A. List of related parties and their relationship

# I Key Management Personnel (KMP):

Name of the KMP	Designation
Mr. Satish Kumar Singh	Managing Director
Mr. Lalan Kumar Singh (upto 18 December 2020)	Whole-time Director
Mrs. Premlata Singh	Director
Mr. Arunkumar Deshmukh	Independent Director
Dr.(Mrs.) Anuja Madhurendra Sinha	Independent Director

# II Relatives of Key Management Personnel (K.M.P.) with whom transactions have taken place during the year: Not applicable

Entity in which Key Management Personnel's and their relatives have significant influence and with whom transactions have taken place during the year ("Entity"):

M/s Galpha Laboratories Ltd.

III Holding Company:

Name of the Company	Country of Incorporation
Alkem Laboratories Ltd.	India

IV Fellow Subsidiary Companies:

Name of the Companies	Country of Incorporation
Pharmacor Pty Limited	Australia
Ascend Laboratories Ltd.	Canada
Ascend Laboratories SpA	Chile
Pharma Network SpA (Wholly owned by Ascend Laboratories SpA)	Chile
Ascend Laboratories SAS	Colombia
Ascend GmbH	Germany
Alkem Foundation	India
Connect 2 Clinic India Private Limited (w.e.f 12th June, 2020)	India
Enzene Biosciences Ltd.	India
Indchemie Health Specialities Pvt. Ltd.	India
The PharmaNetwork, LLP	Kazakhstan
Pharmacor Ltd.	Kenya
Ascend Laboratories SDN BHD.	Malaysia
Alkem Laboratories Korea Inc.	South Korea
S & B Holdings B.V.	Netherlands
Alkem Laboratories Corporation	Philippines
Ascend Laboratories S.A. DE C.V. (Wholly owned by Ascend Laboratories SpA w.e.f 2 Sept , 2021)	Mexico
Ascend Laboratories (PTY) Limited ( formerly known as Alkem Laboratories (PTY) Limited)	South Africa
Ascend Laboratories (UK) Ltd.	United Kingdom
Ascend Laboratories, LLC (Wholly owned by ThePharmanetwork, LLC)	United States of America
S & B Pharma Inc. (wholly owned subsidiary of TPN LLC from 4 October 2021 till 5 January 2022)	United States of America
S & B Pharma LLC (Wholly owned by ThePharmanetwork, LLC) (w.e.f. 8 April 2020)	United States of America
ThePharmaNetwork, LLC ( subsidiary of S & B Holdings B.V.)	United States of America

#### **B. Details of Transactions with Related Parties**

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars		For the	year ended 31st	March, 2022	,
		Key	Relatives of Key	Holding	Fellow	Total
		Management	Management	Company	Subsidiaries	
		Personnel	Personnel			
		Α	В	С	D	
1	Director remuneration	-	-	-	-	-
'	Director remaineration	(36.90)	-	-	-	(36.90)
2	Director sitting fees	1.35	-	-	-	1.35
	Director sitting rece	(1.35)	-	-	-	(1.35)
3	Interest expense on loans taken	44.43	-	-	-	44.43
J	interest expense on loans taken	(36.21)	-	-	-	(36.21)
4	Purchase of finished goods	-	859.14	88.95	397.75	1,345.84
	1 dichase of finished goods	-	(37.43)	(143.20)	(546.87)	(727.50)
5	Purchase of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	(33.97)	-	(33.97)
6	Sale of finished goods	-	-	14,623.04	-	14,623.04
	•	-	-	(10,245.63)	-	(10,245.63)
7	Sale of raw materials and	-	-	-	-	-
,	packing materials	-	-	-	(0.10)	(0.10)
8	Sale of consumables	-	-	-	-	-
	cale of condamables	-	(0.47)	-	-	(0.47)
9	Royalty income	-	-	8.91	-	8.91
	regard moonie	-	-	(3.81)	-	(3.81)
10	Rendering of services	-	-	1,041.54	-	1,041.54
.0	Rendening of services	-	-	(644.67)	-	(644.67)
11	Payment of rent	-	-	34.71	-	34.71
' '	Payment of Tent	-	-	(40.42)	-	(40.42)
12	Recovery of expenses (net)	•	-	27.93	-	27.93
14	. , , ,		-	(14.16)	-	(14.16)
13	Reimbursement of expenses	1	-	0.99	-	0.99
13	(net)	-	-	(39.80)	-	(39.80)
	Total	45.78	859.14	15,826.07	397.75	17,128.74

Figures in the brackets are corresponding figures of previous year.

# C. Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised the following: (Rs. in Lakhs)

ttey management personner compensation comprised the following.		(IXS. III Lakiis)
	For the year	For the year
Particulars	ended 31st	ended 31st
	March, 2022	March, 2021
Short term employee benefits	-	46.70
Post-employment benefits	-	76.73

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration committee, all decisions relating to the remuneration of the directors are taken by the Board of Directors of the Company, in accordance with shareholders' approval, wherever necessary.

# D. Balance due from/ to the related parties

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars		As at 31st March, 2022							
		Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Total				
1	Security deposit receivable	-	-	5.00	-	5.00				
2	Outstanding receivable	-	-	1,474.79	-	1,474.79				
3	Outstanding payable	-	52.46	-	103.87	156.32				
4	Loan payable	865.19				865.18				

# **CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED**

# NOTE - 3: NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

Sr. No.	Particulars		As at 31st March, 2021									
		Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Total						
1	Security deposit receivable	-	-	5.00	-	5.00						
2	Outstanding receivable	-	-	1,542.04	-	1,542.04						
3	Outstanding payable	-	13.86	-	74.87	88.73						
4	Loan payable	878.7				878.70						

All the above related party transactions are made in the normal course of business and on terms equivalent to those that prevail in an arm's length transactions.

# 3.39 Payment to auditors (excluding GST)

(Rs. in Lakhs)

		(RS. III Lakiis)
	For the year	For the year
Particulars	ended 31st	ended 31st
	March, 2022	March, 2021
As auditor:		
Audit fees	10.00	10.00
Tax audit fees	5.00	5.00
In other capacity:		
In any other services such as certification, etc.	-	6.72
Reimbursement of out of pocket expenses	-	0.03
Total	15.00	21.75

# 3.40 Details of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expenditure :

(Rs. in Lakhs)

			(110. III Laitile)
		For the year	For the year
Sr no	Particulars	ended 31st	ended 31st
		March, 2022	March, 2021
a)	Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	5.73	-
b)	Amount of expenditure incurred	5.75	-
c)	Shortfall/(Excess)	(0.02)	-

### d) Nature of CSR Activities

The Company has spent an amount of 5.75 Lakh towards the CSR obligation. The Company has contributed Rs 5.75 Lakh (Previous Year: Rs 0 million) to Late Shri K P Shrinarayan Charitable Trust, which is a Trust registered under the Bombay Public Trust Act, 1950, with the main objectives of working in the areas of social, economic and environmental issues such as healthcare, education, sanitation, conservation of environment, rural development and enable the less privileged segments of the society to improve their livelihood by enhancing their means and capabilities to meet the emerging opportunities.

# 3.41: Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

# A Accounting classification and fair values

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2022							
Particulars	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
			Cost					
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	581.54	581.54	-	-	-	-
Other Bank Balances	-	-	1,201.00	1,201.00	-	-	-	-
Non-current investments	1.15	-	-	1.15	-	-	1.15	1.15
Short-term loans and advances	-	-	120.45	120.45	-	-	-	-
Trade and other receivables	-	-	5,088.59	5,088.59	-	-	-	-
Other Non-current financial asset	-	-	4,113.81	4,113.81	-	-	-	-
Other Current financial asset	-	1	97.64	97.64	-	-	-	-
	1.15	i	11,203.03	11,204.18	-	•	1.15	1.15
Financial liabilities Long term borrowings (Excluding current maturity of Long term borrowings)	-	-	938.21	938.21		-	-	
Short term borrowings	-	_	11.67	11.67	_	_	-	_
Trade and other payables	_	-	5,415.44	5,415.44	-	-	_	-
Long term Lease liabilities	_	-	65.98	65.98	-	-	_	-
Short term Lease liabilities			71.69	71.69				
Other Current financial liabilities	-	-	2,930.09	2,930.09	-	-	-	-
	_	-	9,433.08	9,433.08	-	-	-	-

(Rs. in Lakhs)

		As at 31st March, 2021						
Particulars	Carrying amount			Fair value				
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
			Cost					
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	449.26	449.26	-	-	-	-
Other Bank Balances	-	-	2,919.60	2,919.60	-	-	-	-
Non-current investments	1.15	-	-	1.15	-	-	1.15	1.15
Short-term loans and advances	-	-	73.23	73.23	-	-	-	-
Trade and other receivables		-	5,255.05	5,255.05	-	-	-	-
Other Non-current financial asset		-	73.16	73.16	-	-	-	-
Other Current financial asset		1	388.80	388.80	-	-	-	-
	1.15	-	9,159.12	9,160.27	-	-	1.15	1.15
Financial liabilities								
Long term borrowings (Excluding	-	-	894.93	894.93	-	-	-	-
current maturity of Long term								
borrowings)								
Short term borrowings	-	-	88.49	88.49	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	-	-	5,320.46	5,320.46	-	-	-	-
Long term Lease liabilities	-	-	137.67	137.67	-	-	-	-
Short term Lease liabilities			70.44	70.44				
Other Current financial liabilities	-	-	2,328.23	2,328.23	-	-	-	-
	-	-	8,840.22	8,840.22	-	-	-	-

# i. Risk management framework

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

#### ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investments in debt securities.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

#### Trade and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate.

The Company establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade and other receivables.

At March 31, 2022, the maximum exposure to credit risk for trade and other receivables by geographic region was as follows:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
India	4,332.11	4,465.18
Other regions	756.48	789.87
Total	5,088.59	5,255.05

At 31st March, 2022, the Company had exposure to only one type of counter party.

At 31st March, 2022, the carrying amount of Company's most significant customer is Rs.1,474.79 lakhs (Previous year Rs 1,542.04 lakhs).

#### Impairment

At 31st March, 2022, the ageing of trade and other receivables that were not impaired was as follows:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
	31St Warch, 2022	,
Not past due	3,344.13	3,061.99
Past due 1–180 days	1,675.37	1,934.97
Past due more than 180 days	69.09	258.09
Total	5,088.59	5,255.05

Management believes that the unimpaired amounts that are past due by more than 180 days are still collectible in full, based on historical payment behaviour and extensive analysis of customer credit risk, including underlying customers' credit ratings if they are available.

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade and other receivables during the year was as follows:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	31st M	arch, 2022	31st Marc	h, 2021
	Individual	Collective	Individual	Collective
	impairments	impairments	impairments	impairments
Balance as at beginning of the year	158.64	852.97	158.64	800.79
Add: Impairment loss recognised	-	79.07	-	52.17
Less: Amounts written off	158.64	369.96	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	-	562.08	158.64	852.97

#### iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

#### **CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED**

# NOTE - 3: NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

# Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

		Contractual cash flows - 31 March, 2022					
Particulars	Carrying amount	Total	2 months or less	2-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Working capital loans	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	5,415.44	5,415.44	5,415.44	-	-	-	-
Non Current- Borrowings & Lease liabilities	68.74	83.81	-	-	65.65	18.16	-
Current- Borrowings & Lease liabilities	83.35	91.04	17.12	73.92	-	-	-

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Contractual cash flows - 31 March, 2021							
Particulars	Carrying		2 months	2-12		2-5	More than 5
	amount	Total	or less	months	1-2 years	years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Working capital loans	67.14	67.14	67.14	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	5,320.45	5,320.45	5,320.45	-	-	-	-
Non Current- Borrowings & Lease liabilities	153.90	165.87	-	-	93.62	72.25	-
Current- Borrowings & Lease liabilities	91.78	107.90	19.05	88.85	-	-	-

#### iv. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk. Thus, our exposure to market risk is a function of revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in our foreign currency revenues and costs.

#### **Currency risk**

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its borrowings, other payables, receivables and loans and advances in foreign currency. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. The Company has exposure to USD and EURO. The Company has not hedged this foreign currency exposure.

#### **Exposure to currency risk**

The currency profile of financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31st March, 2022 and 31st March, 2021 are as below:

Particulars	March 31, 2022		
	EURO USD		
Financial assets			
Trade and other receivables	1.59	7.47	
Net Financial Asset/ (Liabilities)	1.59	7.47	

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	March 31, 2021		
	EURO USD		
Financial assets			
Trade and other receivables	0.50	11.47	
Net Financial Asset/ (Liabilities)	0.50	11.47	

The following significant exchange rates have been applied during the year:

Particulars	Year-end spot rate (INR)		
	March 31, 2022 March 31, 202		
EURO	84.22	85.75	
USD	75.79	73.11	

#### Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against various foreign currencies at 31st March would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Effect in INR	Profit or loss		Equity, net of tax		
	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening	
31st March, 2022					
10% movement in foreign currencies					
EURO	13.42	(13.42)	9.51	(9.51)	
USD	56.63	(56.63)	40.14	(40.14)	
Total	70.05	(70.05)	49.65	(49.65)	

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Effect in INR	Profit or loss		Equity, net of tax	
	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
31st March, 2021				
10% movement in foreign currencies				
EURO	4.33	(4.33)	3.24	(3.24)
USD	83.86	(83.86)	62.75	(62.75)
Total	88.19	(88.19)	65.99	(65.99)

#### v. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing

investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

#### Exposure to interest rate risk:

Company's interest rate risk arises from borrowings and fixed income securities. Fixed income securities exposes the Company to fair value interest rate risk. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Company is as follows:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Carrying amount		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Fixed-rate instruments			
Financial assets	5,435.25	2,997.79	
Financial liabilities	1,458.19	1,558.98	
Total	3,977.06	1,438.81	

# Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates would not have any material impact on the equity.

As there are no Variable Rate Instruments with the company, disclosure requirement in relation to sensitivity analysis is not applicable.

#### 3.42 Capital management:

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'net debt' to 'total equity'. For this purpose, net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings and obligations under finance leases, less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity comprises all components of equity.

The Company's net debt to total equity ratio was as follows:

	Rs. In Lakhs		
Particulars	As at		
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021	
Total borrowings	949.87	983.41	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	581.54	449.26	
Net debt	368.33	534.16	
Total equity	6,173.56	5,117.34	
Net debt to equity ratio	0.06	0.10	

#### 3.43 Leases (Ind AS 116)

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" with a date of initial application on 1 April 2019. As a result, the Company had changed its accounting policy for lease contracts. The Company applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach and recognized lease liability equal to the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. The Company recognized a right of use asset at the date of initial application at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application.

In the context of initial application, the Company has exercised the option not to apply the new recognition requirements to short-term leases and to leases of low-value asset.

#### A. Leases as lessee

#### i. Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets related to leased properties that do not meet the definition of investment property are presented as property, plant and equipment.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Land and	buildings
Failuculais	Mar-22	Mar-21
Balance at commencement of the year	188.70	246.39
Amortization charge for the year	(70.15)	(86.30)
Additions to right-of-use assets	-	13.81
Adjustment to right-of-use assets	-	14.80
Deletion of right-of-use assets	-	-
Balance at end of the year	118.55	188.70

#### ii. Lease liability

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Land and b	ouildings
Failuculais	Mar-22	Mar-21
Maturity analysis of lease liability - discounted contractual cash flows		
Less than one year	71.69	70.44
One to three years	65.98	127.16
More than three years	-	10.51
Total discounted cash flows	137.67	208.11
Current	71.69	70.44
Non-current	65.98	137.67

# iii. Amount recognised in profit or loss

(Rs. In Lakhs)

		(1.101.111.2411.10)
Particulars	Mar-22	Mar-21
General and administrative expenses		
Short-term lease rent expense	53.55	51.53
Loss on termination of lease	-	0.11
Amortisation and impairment losses		
Amortisation of right of use asset	70.15	86.30
Finance cost		
Interest expense on lease liability	13.50	14.78
Total	137.20	152.72

iv. Amount recognised in statement of cash flows:

Particulars	Mar-22	Mar-21
Cash outflow for short-term leases	53.55	51.53
Principal component of cash outflow for lease liabilities	70.44	74.84
Interest component of cash outflow for lease liabilities	13.50	14.78
Total cash outflow for leases	137.49	141.15

# 3.44 Transfer of Property Plant & Equipment:

In previous year 2020-21, the Company had sold its "assets held for sale" (Bhiwadi, in Rajasthan) to M/s. Avon Agro Industries, through its partners, Mr. Gaurav Kochar, Mr. Mohit Kochar and Mr. Sumit Kochar, for an aggregate consideration of Rs. 900.00 lakhs. The carrying amount of the assets held for sale was Rs. 232.78 lakhs. The Company has recognised gain on sale of "assets held for sale" amounting to Rs. 667.22 lakhs during 2020-21.

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Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	% Change	Comments where the difference is more than 25%
1. Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.08	1.37	(21.21%)	
2. Debt – Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Equity	0.18	0.23	(24.34%)	
3. Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service = (Net Profit after taxes + Non- cash operating expenses Interest + Principal like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.)	Interest + Principal repayment	(13.78)	(6.94)	98.43%	There is an improvement in profitability due to increase in quantity of product sold.     Reduction in the interest cost & Principal repayment during the year.
4. Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	19.50%	21.09%	(7.51%)	
5. Inventory Turnover Ratio	Net Sales	Average Inventory	12.41	11.19	10.89%	
6. Trade Receivables T/o Ratio	Net Credit Sales	Average Trade Receivables	8.32	6.74	23.37%	
7. Trade Payables T/o Ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	4.86	3.60	35.14%	35.14% There is increase in purchase made during the year on account of increase in sales.
8. Net Capital T/o Ratio	Net Sales	Working Capital (current assets -current liabilities)	47.10	9.17	413.39%	There is an improvement in profitability. Current assets are decreased as short term fixed deposits of previous year are held for long term.
9. Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit	Revenue from Operations	2.56%	3.06%	(16.41%)	
10. Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before Interest and Tax (EBIT)	Capital Employed (Shareholders Equity + Debt + Deferred Tax Liability)	9.32%	7.77%	19.98%	
11. Return on Investments	Dividend income	Investments	5.71%	6.31%	(9.48%)	

# Note 3.46 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, as below.

Ind AS 16 – Property Plant and equipment - The amendment clarifies that excess of net sale proceeds of items produced over the cost of testing, if any, shall not be recognised in the profit or loss but deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of an item of property, plant, and equipment. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2022. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Ind AS 37 – Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets – The amendment specifies that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (an example would be the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract). The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2022, although early adoption is permitted. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact is not expected to be material.

As per our Report attached of even date, For R. S. SANGHAI & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg No: 109094W

Sd/-

R.S.Sanghai Partner

Membership No: 036931

Place: Mumbai Date: 5th May, 2022 For & on behalf of the Board,

CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN:U24230BR1978PTC001328

Sd/-

S.K.Singh Managing Director DIN: 00245703 Arunkumar Deshmukh Independent Director DIN: 07210367

Sd/-



# **CACHET PHARMACEUTICALS PVT. LTD.**

Regd. Off.: Exhibition Road, P. S. Gandhi Maidan, Patna-800001, Bihar CIN No.: U24230BR1978PTC001328
Tel. Nos.: 0612-2322570/ 2322588.
Website: www.cachetindia.com